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ADVANCED RESEARCH DIVISION TECHNICAL PAPER RAC-TP-165 Published April 1965

Automated Documentation

by Robert A. Magnuson



RESEARCH ANALYSIS CORPORATION

MCLEAN, VIRGINIA

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FOREWORD

Realizing that RAC's only tangible products are technical papers and that the present manual methods of draft and document production are impediments to the swift preparation of a large technical document, the author designed and implemented the computer-assisted system herein described.

The system design embodies a number of brandnew ideas—ideas not contained within any other known system, program, or device whose purpose is to compose or typeset documents. These innovations include free-form keypunching, the concept of the voided area, and the freely commingled English-like editing instructions and text.

As a result the keypunching of a draft is actually easier than either typing (onto paper) or traditional keypunching (into cards). Corrections (i.e., changes, insertions, deletions, and rearranging) of a draft are made at the key punch; there is no need to count pages, lines, words, or characters and then to keypunch these counts into special change-instruction cards that must later be processed and interpreted by the computer.

The system, considered to be a working prototype, is now undergoing an extensive operational test and development. It has, for example, produced the body of this very technical paper. Soon the system will be expanded to include new capabilities, some of them described in this paper.

Nicholes M. Smith Chief, Advanced Research Division

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AUTOMATED DOCUMENTATION

A NEW SYSTEM HAS BEEN DESIGNED BY THE AUTHOR IN WHICH MUCH OF REPETITIVE WORK ASSOCIATED WITH PREPARING THE FINAL DRAFT OF A TECHNICAL DOCUMENT HAS BEEN ELIMINATED. IT IS FELT THAT MUCH OF THE FIRST DRAFT OF A DOCUMENT SURVIVES THE VARIOUS RETYPING OF SUBSEQUENT DRAFTS RIGHT THROUGH TO THE FINAL DOCUMENT. CHANGES ARE MADE HERE AND THERE, PORTIONS ARE ADDED AND DELETED. IF ONLY THE 'GOOD' PORTIONS COULD BE RETAINED WHILE ADDING AND DELETING, THE PROCESS OF OBTAINING THE FINAL DOCUMENT (OR, AT LEAST, FINAL DRAFT) WOULD BE ENORMOUSLY SPEEDED UP. THIS IS EXACTLY WHAT HAS BEEN DESIGNED INTO THE SYSTEM WHICH THIS DOCUMENT DESCRIBES. THE SYSTEM IS LARGELY 'MANUAL', WITH A (1401) COMPUTER RUN REQUIRED CNLY OCCASIONALLY IN THE PROCEDURE.

KEYPUNCHING YOUR DOCUMENT

,

INSTEAD OF UTILIZING A MANUAL OR ELECTRIC TYPEWRITER FOR THE TRANSCRIPTION OF THE FIRST DRAFT, WE USE A KEY PUNCH. ONE NORMALLY THINKS OF KEYPUNCHING INVOLVING VARIOUS CARD FIELDS, WITH THE DATA BEING CAREFULLY ENTERED INTO THE PROPER PARTS OF THE CARD. NOT SO WITH THIS SYSTEM. THE TYPIST (OR KEYPUNCH JPERATOR) TAKES NO NOTICE OF CARD FIELDS AT ALL. SHE IGNORES THE END OF A CARD. THE FIRST COLUMN OF A CARD FOLLOWS IMMEDIATELY THE LAST COLUMN OF THE PRECEDING CARD. FURTHFRHORE, SHE IGNORES ANY "ACCIDENTAL" RETURNING-OF-THF-CARRIAGE OR GOING-TO-A-NEW-PAGE WHOSE OCCURRENCE DEPENDS ON THE SIZE OF THE PAPER AT HAND, THE PARTICULAR MARGIN STOPS CHOSEN, ETC. SIGNIFICANTLY, WE NOTE THAT THE PLACES WHERE LINES AND PAGES TERMINATE ON THIS CRAFT WILL BE CUITE DIFFERENT ON FUTURE DRAFTS DUE TO INSERTIONS AND DELETIONS

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IR TO DECIDING THAT WE WOULD LIKE DIFFERENT MARGIN SETTINGS. WHAT IS KEYPUNCHED IS 'TEXT' AND 'EDITING INSTRUCTIONS'. THE TEXT IS THE MATERIAL WHICH IS TO APPEAR ON THE PRINTED PAGE. THE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS CORRESPOND IN PART TO THE USUAL NON-PRINTING TYPEWRITER KEYS SUCH AS RETURNING THE CARRIAGE, TABBING TO THE NEXT STOP, ETC. ALSO INCLUDED IN THE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS ARE INDICATIONS AS TO WHAT THE TAB STOPS ARE, HOW WIDE A LINE ON A PAGE SHOULD BE, HOW LONG A PAGE SHOULD BE, THE FACT THAT A NEW PAGE IS DESIRED NO MATTER WHERE ON THE PAGE WE ARE, THAT SOME LINES ARE TO BE SKIPPED, PLUS TWO SPICIAL INSTRUCTIONS TO ALLOW FOR INSERTION AND DELETION IN THE MIDDLE OF A CARD. A (1401) COMPUTER PROGRAM, KNOWN AS 'THE DOCUMENT MACHINE', READS, AS DATA, THE DECK OF CARDS CONTAINING THE COMMINGLED TEXT AND EDITING INSTRUCTIONS. IT PRINTS THE TEXT ACCORDING TO BOTH THE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS AND ITS OWN LOGIC. THAT LOGIC INCLUDES AUTOMATICALLY TERMINATED A 'WORD' IS NOT SPLIT. A WORD IS DEFINED TO BE A CONTIGUOUS SET OF NON-SPACE CHARACTERS. WHENEVER A WORD TO BE ADDED TO THE PRINT LINE WOULD EXCEED THE ALLOWABLE (MAXIMUM) LINE SIZE, AUTOMATIC SEGMENTATION OF THE LINE OCCURS. SPACES KEYPUNCHED TO THE RIGHT OF THE LAST WORD APPEARING ON AN AUTOMATICALLY TERMINATED LINE ARE DISCARDED. WHENEVER A LINE TO BE ADDED TO THE RIGHT OF THE LAST WORD APPEARING ON AN AUTOMATICALLY TERMINATED LINE ARE DISCARDED. WHENEVER A LINE TO BE ADDED TO THE PAGE WOULD EXCEED THE ALLOWABLE (MAXIMUM) PAGE SIZE, AUTOMATIC SEGMENTATION OF THE PAGE OCCURS.

THE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS

LET US EXAMINE THE FOURTEEN EDITING INSTRUCTIONS.

•TAB•E•
•SKIP•S•
•PARA•
•NEW•PAGE•
•SEI=E•052#
•LEFT•MARGIN•B•
•RIGMT•MARGIN•B•
•PAGE•SIZE•03B•
•SPEC•
•START•PARA•G•
•PUNCH•A•
•VOID•
•OK•

THERE ARE EXACTLY TWENTY-SIX 'SYMBOLIC' (OR VARIABLE) TABULATING THERE ARE EXACTLY TWENTY-SIX "SYMBOLIC" (UR VARIABLE) TABOLATING STOPS, 'A', 'B', ... 'Z'. AN INSTRUCTION SUCH AS '*TAB*D*' TELL THE PROCESSING 1401 PROGRAM TO TAB TO D. SINCE EACH OF THE TAB STOPS HAS BEEN ASSIGNED A POSITION ON THE PRINT LINE, TABBING TO (SAY) D MEANS MOVING OVER TO THAT PRINT POSITION CURRENTLY ASSIGNED TO D. ANY MISSPELLING OF THE TAB INSTRUCTION, E.G., **TAR*D** TELLS ASSIGNED TO D. ANY MISSPELLING OF THE TAB INSTRUCTION, **TAB*5**, IS SIMPLY NOT A TAB INSTRUCTION BUT IS TEXT.

SAME IS TRUE FOR ANY MISSPELLED INSTRUCTION.) WHEN THE PROCESSING PROGRAM ENCOUNTERS A SKIP-SOME-LINES INSTRUCTION SUCH AS **SKIP*O** IT ENDS AND PRINTS THE CURRENT LINE SKIPPING DOWN AS MANY AS TOLD TO (FROM O TO 9 ONLY). THE NEW LINE STARTS AT THE TAB STUP CRECIFIED BY THE MOST RECENT LEFT-MARGIN INSTRUCTION. THE PARAGRAPH INSTRUCTION, **PARA**, WHICH HAS NO PARAMETERS, ENDS AND PRINTS THE CURRENT LINE, SKIPS A LINE AND STARTS THE NEXT LINE AT THE TAB STOP ASSIGNED BY THE MOST RECENTLY EXECUTED START-PARAGRAPH INSTRUCTION. " *NEW*PAGE* ENDS BOTH THE CURRENT LINE AND PAGE, STARTING THE NEXT LINE ON THE NEXT PAGE AT THE LEFT MARGIN TAB STOP. THE TAB STOPS ARE SET (AS MANY TIMES AS ONE WANTS) BY MEANS OF THE SET INSTRUCTION. THEY MAY BE SET TO ANY PRINT POSITION BETWEEN 001 AND 131 INCLUSIVE. THE POINT AT WHICH A LINE IS AUTOMATICALLY TERMINATED MAY BE SET BY THE RIGHT-MARGIN INSTRUCTION. SIMILARLY, THE POINT AT WHICH A NEW LINE STARTS MAY BE SET BY THE LEFT-MARGIN INSTRUCTION. THUS THE MARGINS MAY BE SET TO ANY OF THE TWENTY-SIX TAB STOPS, FROM A RECOVERY TO THE PAGE-SIZE INSTRUCTION SETS THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE NUMBER OF LINES PER PAGE (EXCLUDING PAGE HEADINGS AND CLASSIFICATION). WE HANDLE ANY CHARACTERS WHICH ARE NOT AVAILABLE ON THE PRINTER BY MEANS OF THE SPECIAL INSTRUCTION, "*SPEC*". THE PROCESSING PROGRAM REPLACES THIS INSTRUCTION BY A SPACE BUT DOES NOT CONSIDER IT A SPACE FOR THE PURPOSE OF DIVIDING WORDS. IN ADDITION, AFTER THE ENTIRE DOCUMENT IS PRINTED A "REMINDER" LIST IS PRINTED. THIS LIST CONTAINS THE LINE NUMBER, PAGE NUMBER AND THE NUMBER OF SPECIAL OCCURRENCES ON THAT LINE. THUS YOU HAVE A CHECK LIST TO BE USED WHEN FILLING IN THOSE SPECIAL CHARACTERS. INSTRUCTION CAUSES A PORTION OF THE CURRENT PRINT LINE TO BE PUNCHED INTO A CARD. THE '*END*DOC*' INSTRUCTION IS TO BE USED ONCE AND ENDS THE DOCUMENT. THE REMAINING TWO INSTRUCTIONS, **VOID** AND **OK**, ARE USED FOR MAKING CORRECTIONS AT A LATER TIME.

ANY TIME **VOID** IS ENCOUNTERED BY THE PROCESSING PROGRAM, IT NEITHER PRINTS IT NOR ANYTHING ELSE ENCOUNTERED UNTIL THE **OK** INSTRUCTION IS ENCOUNTERED. THE **OK** INSTRUCTION IS THE ONLY ONE RECOGNIZED INSIDE A VOID AREA AND IS NOT RECOGNIZED CUTSIDE (EXCEPT AS TEXT). THE COMBINATION OF THESE TWO INSTRUCTIONS ALLOWS FOR INSERTION AND DELETION OF TEXT OR INSTRUCTIONS WITHOUT REPUNCHING SUBSEQUENT CARDS.

THE FOURTEEN EDITING INSTRUCTIONS WERE CHOSEN IN ORDER THAT THEY MIGHT BE EASILY RECOGNIZED BY HUMANS, NOT BE LIKELY TO APPEAR

IN MOST DOCUMENTS AND BE SHORT ENOUGH TO KEYPUNCH READILY. IT IS FELT THAT MOST DOCUMENTS CAN BE HANDLED WITH A COMBINATION OF TEXT AND EDITING INSTRUCTIONS. SEE APPENDIX B BELOW FOR DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS OF THE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS. THIS VERY DOCUMENT YOU ARE READING WAS PREPARED BY MEANS OF THE SYSTEM IT DESCRIBES.

THERE SHOULD BE NO CONFUSION ABOUT EXACTLY WHICH STRINGS CONSTITUTE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS AND WHICH DO NOT. THE SCAN PROCEEDS FROM LEFT TO RIGHT. HENCE, THE INTERPRETATION OF STRINGS AS EDITING INSTRUCTIONS, LOGICALLY SPEAKING, IS LEFT-ASSOCIATIVE. WHETHER A STRING THAT LOOKS LIKE AN EDITING INSTRUCTION IS THAT EDITING INSTRUCTION DEPENDS UPON CONTEXT, E.G., AN OCCURRENCE OF "+START+PARA+J+". THE STRING

+NEW+PAGE+NEW+PAGE+NEW+PAGE+

SHOULD PRODUCE A NEW PAGE WITH

NEW*PAGE

AS THE ONLY TEXT IN THE BODY OF THAT PAGE (I.E., ASSUMING NOTHING OF CONSEQUENCE TO THE LEFT OF THE STRING IN QUESTION). ONCE YOU SEE THE LEFT-ASSOCIATIVE RULE, AMBIGUITIES ARE CLEARED UP. FURTHERMORE, THERE IS NO NEED TO GO CLEAR BACK TO THE BEGINNING OF THE DOCUMENT DECK. ONE MUST LOOK, AT MOST, TWENTY CHARACTERS TO THE LEFT OF THE STRING IN QUESTION.

THE SYSTEM IN USE

LET US EXAMINE A DETAILED EXAMPLE OF HOW THIS SYSTEM WAS USED TO PREPARE ITS OWN DOCUMENTATION. WE SEE BELOW IN FIGURE 1 THE DOUBLE-SPACED VERBATIM LISTING OF THE FIRST TWELVE CARDS TYPED (I.E., KEYPUNCHED) FOR THIS DOCUMENT. (NOTE THAT ONLY SEVENTY-TWO COLUMNS ARE USED. COLUMNS 73 - 80 ARE RESERVED FOR IDENTIFICATION A"ID SEQUENCING TO BE ADDED AUTOMATICALLY LATER.)

*SKIP*6**TAB*D*AUTOMATED DOCUMENTATION*SKIP*6**PARA*A NEW SYSTEM HAS BEEN DESIGNED BY THE AUTHOR IN WHICH MUCH OF REPETIVE WORK ASSOCIATED WITH PREPARING THE FINAL DRAFT OF A TECHNICAL DOCUMENT HAS BEEN ELIMINATED. IT IS FELT THAT MUCH OF THE FIRST DRAFT OF A DOCUMENT SURVIVES THE VARIOUS RETYPING OF SUBSEQUENT DRAFTS RIGHT THROUGH TO THE FINAL DOCUMENT. CHANGES ARE MADE HERE AND THERE, PORTIONS ARE ADDED AND DELETED. IF ONLY THE 'GOOD' PORTIONS COULD BE RETAINED WHILE ADDING AND DELETING, THE PROCESS OF OBTAINING THE FINAL DOCUMENT (OR, AT LEAST, FINAL DRAFT) WOULD BE ENORMOUSLY SPEEDED UP. THIS IS EXACTLY WHAT HAS BEEN DESIGNED INTO THE SYSTEM WHICH THIS DOCUMENT DESCRIBES. THE SYSTEM IS LARGELY 'MANUAL', WITH A (1401) COMPUTER RUN REQUIRED ONLY OCCASSIONALLY AS THE FINAL STEP IN THE PROCEDURE.*PARA*INSTEAD OF UTILIZING A MANUAL OR ELECTRIC TYPEWR

FIGURE 1

DOUBLE-SPACED VERBATIM LISTING OF THE FIRST TWELVE CARDS (WITH ERRORS) PUNCHED TO PRODUCE THIS DOCUMENT.

THESE TWELVE CARDS INCLUDE THE TITLE OF THE DOCUMENT, "AUTOMATED DOCUMENTATION", THE FIRST PARAGRAPH AND A FRAGMENT OF THE SECOND PARAGRAPH. ALSO INCLUDED ARE THE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS THAT PROVIDE FOR THE PARAGRAPH SPACING AND INDENTATION AS WELL AS FOR THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL PLACEMENT OF THE TITLE. PROOFREADING OF THE COMPUTER-PROGRAM-PRODUCED DOCUMENT INDICATED THREE TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS TO BE CORRECTED. THE WORDS 'REPETITIVE' (IN THE SECOND CARD) AND 'OCCASIONALLY' (IN THE ELEVENTH) HAD BEEN MISSPELLED. THE SPACE THAT SHOULD FOLLOW THE COMMA IN THE SEVENTH CARD HAD BEEN OMITTED. IT WAS ALSO DECIDED THAT THE PHRASE 'AS THE FINAL STEP' (ALSO IN THE ELEVENTH CARD) WOULD BE ELIMINATED FROM THE LAST SENTENCE OF THE PARAGRAPH. FIGURE 2 SHOWS A COMPUTER-PRODUCED LISTING OBTAINED FROM THE CARDS SHOWN IN FIGURE 1.

AUTOMATED DOCUMENTATION

A NEW SYSTEM HAS BEEN DESIGNED BY THE AUTHOR IN WHICH MUCH OF REPETIVE WORK ASSOCIATED WITH PREPARING THE FINAL DRAFT OF A TECHNICAL DOCUMENT HAS BEEN ELIMINATED. IT IS FELT THAT MUCH OF THE FIRST DRAFT OF A DOCUMENT SURVIVES THE VARIOUS RETYPING OF SUBSEQUENT DRAFTS RIGHT THROUGH TO THE FINAL DOCUMENT. CHANGES ARE MADE HERE AND THERE, PORTIONS ARE ADDED AND DELETED. IF ONLY THE 'GOOD' PORTIONS COULD BE RETAINED WHILE ADDING AND DELETING, THE PROCESS OF OBTAINING THE FINAL DOCUMENT (OR, AT LEAST, FINAL DRAFT) WOULD BE ENORMCUSLY SPEEDED UP. THIS IS EXACTLY WHAT HAS BEEN DESIGNED INTO THE SYSTEM WHICH THIS DOCUMENT DESCRIBES. THE SYSTEM IS LARGELY 'MANUAL', WITH A (1401) COMPUTER RUN REQUIRED ONLY OCCASSIONALLY AS THE FINAL STEP IN THE PROCEDURE.

INSTEAD OF UTILIZING A MANUAL OR ELECTRIC TYPEWR...

FIGURE 2

LISTING PRODUCED USING CARDS SHOWN IN FIGURE 1.

WE NOTE THAT THE SECOND CARD IN FIGURE 1 MUST HAVE THE TWO LETTERS

'TI' INSERTED IN THE MIDDLE IN ORDER TO CORRECT THE MISSPELLING.

THIS IS EASILY ACCOMPLISHED BY REPLACING THIS CARD BY TWO OTHERS

OBTAINED AS FOLLOWS. ON THE KEY PUNCH MACHINE WE DUPLICATE THE

CARD UP TO (BUT NOT INCLUDING) THE 'V' IN THE MISSPELLED

'REPETIVE'. WE THEN PUNCH THE MISSING 'TI' FOLLOWED IMMEDIATELY

BY '*VOID*. THE REMAINDER OF THE COLUMNS MAY BE LEFT BLANK. THE

CTHER CARD IS THE COPY OF THE REMAINDER OF THE ERROR CARD (FROM

THE 'V' ON) WITH THE EDITING INSTRUCTION '*OK*' IMMEDIATELY

PRECEDING IT. THE INITIAL COLUMNS OF THIS CARD (UP TO THE '*OK*')

MAY BE LEFT BLANK. THESE TWO REPLACEMENT CARDS EFFECTIVELY INSERT

THE MISSING 'TI'. THEY ARE OBTAINED 'ARGELY BY DUPLICATING THE

CORRECT PORTIONS OF THE ERROR CARD AND DO NOT REQUIRE THE RETYPING

OF THE FOLLOWING CARDS. THE MISSING SPACE IN THE SEVENTH CARD WAS

INSERTED BY A SIMILAR PROCEDURE. THE ELEVENTH CARD WAS REPAIRED

BY DUPLICATING IT THROUGH THE FIRST 'S' IN 'OCCASSIONALLY', TYPING

'IONALLY' FOLLOWED BY A VOID-OK PAIR OF EDITING INSTRUCTIONS TO

FILL OUT THE REST OF THE CARD. THUS BOTH THE SUPERFLUOUS 'S' AS

WELL AS THE 'AS THE FINAL STEP' PHRASE WERE DELETED. SEE FIGURE 3

BELOW FOR A DOUBLE-SPACED VERBATIM LISTING OF THE CORRECTED FIRST PARAGRAPH.

*SKIP*6**TAB*D*AUTOMATED DOCUMENTATION*SKIP*6**PARA*A NEW SYSTEM HAS BEE N DESIGNED BY THE AUTHOR IN WHICH MUCH OF REPETITI*VOID*

*OK*VE WORK ASSOCIATED WITH

PREPARING THE FINAL DRAFT OF A TECHNICAL DOCUMENT HAS BEEN ELIMINATED. I
T IS FELT THAT MUCH OF THE FIRST DRAFT OF A DOCUMENT SURVIVES THE VARIOU
S RETYPING OF SUBSEQUENT DRAFTS RIGHT THROUGH TO THE FINAL DOCUMENT. CH
ANGES ARE MADE HERE AND THERE, PORTIONS ARE ADDED AND DELETED. IF ONLY
THE 'GOOD' PORTIONS COULD BE RETAINED WHILE ADDING AND DELETING, *VOID*

*OK*THE PROC

ESS OF OBTAINING THE FINAL DOCUMENT (OR. AT LEAST, FINAL DRAFT, WOULD BE ENORMOUSLY SPEEDED UP. THIS IS EXACTLY WHAT HAS BEEN DESIGNED INTO THE SYSTEM WHICH THIS DOCUMENT DESCRIBES. THE SYSTEM IS LARGELY 'MANUAL', WITH A (1401) COMPUTER RUN REQUIRED ONLY OCCASIONALLY-VOID
IN THE PROCEDURE.*PARA*INSTEAD OF UTILIZING A MANUAL OR ELECTRIC TYPEWR

FIGURE 3

DOUBLE-SPACED VERBATIM LISTING OF NEW DECK RESULTING FROM CORRECTING CARDS OF FIGURE 1.

THE BREAKPOINT TECHNIQUE

WE HAVE SEEN HOW TO INSERT SEVERAL CHARACTERS BETWEEN ADJACENT COLUMNS. THE SAME TECHNIQUE IS USED FOR INSERTING SEVERAL WORDS. HOWEVER, IT IS A FREQUENT OCCURRENCE IN THE BUILDING OF A DOCUMENT THAT SEVERAL SENTENCES ARE TO BE INSERTED. THEN A DIFFERENT PROCEDURE MAY BE FOLLOWED. LET US SUPPOSE THAT WE HAVE ALREADY WRITTEN AND KEYPUNCHED THE MATERIAL SHOWN IN FIGURE 4. THE CARDS THAT PRODUCE THIS MATERIAL ARE SHOWN IN FIGURE 5. WE ASSUME THAT WE ARE SATISFIED WITH THE PARTS THAT CURRENTLY EXIST BUT WISH TO MODIFY IT BY MAKING THREE INSERTIONS. FIGURE 6 SHOWS HOW WE PIGHT MARK THE DRAFT SHOWING WHAT THE INSERTIONS ARE AND WHERE THEY GO.

THE TIME WILL COME WHEN THE SAILING CANDE IS BLOWN OVER FOR ONE REASON OR ANOTHER. THE IMMEDIATE PROBLEM IS TO RIGHT THE CANDE AND BAIL THE WATER OUT. THE FIRST THING TO DO IS TO LOWER THE SAIL. YOU MUST BE PREPARED BY HAVING AN INFLATED INNER TUBE IN THE CANDE. AFTER LOWERING THE SAIL, THE INFLATED INNER TUBE IS FORCED BENEATH THE UNDERWATER SIDE OF THE CANDE, AMIDSHIPS. THE CANDE WILL SLOWLY RISE, AND, AT THE SAME TIME, THE WATER WITHIN WILL RUN OUT. FINALLY THE CANDE CAN BE FLIPPED OFF IN AN UPRIGHT POSITION.

NOW WE CONSIDER THE PROBLEM OF HOW TO CO...

FIGURE 4

AN EXAMPLE OF A PORTION OF AN EARLY DRAFT.

*PARA*THE TIME WILL COME WHEN THE SAILING CANDE IS BLOWN OVER FOR ONE RE ASON OR ANCTHER. THE IMPEDIATE PROBLEM IS TO RIGHT THE CANDE AND BAIL THE WATER OUT. THE FIRST THING TO DO IS TO LOWER THE SAIL. YOU MUST BE PREPARED BY HAVING AN INFLATED INNER TUBE IN THE CANDE. AFTER LOWERING THE SAIL, THE INFLATED INNER TUBE IS FORCED BENEATH THE UNDERWATER SIDE OF THE CANCE, AMIDSHIPS. THE CANDE WILL SLOWLY RISE, AND, AT THE SAME TIME, THE WATER WITHIN WILL RUN OUT. FINALLY THE CANDE CAN BE FLIPPED OF FIN AN UPRIGHT POSITION.*PARA*NOW WE CONSIDER THE PROBLEM OF HOW TO CO

FIGURE 5

DOUBLE-SPACED VERBATIM LISTING OF THE CARDS THAT PRODUCE THE DRAFT SHOWN IN FIGURE 4.

[Inset i] The occupant(s) will have fallen in the water and

THE TIME WILL COME WHEN THE SAILING CANDE IS BLOWN OVER FOR ONE REASON OR ANOTHER. THE IMMEDIATE PROBLEM IS TO RIGHT THE CANDE AND BAIL THE WATER OUT. THE FIRST THING TO DO IS TO LOHER THE SAIL. YOU MUST BE PREPARED BY HAVING AN INFLATED INNER TUBE IN THE CANDE. AFTER LOWERING THE SAIL, THE INFLATED INNER TUBE IS FORCED BENEATH THE UNDERWATER SIDE OF THE CANDE, AMIDSHIPS. THE CANDE WILL SLOWLY RISE, AND, AT THE SAME TIME, THE WATER WITHIN WILL RUN OUT. FINALLY THE CANDED OF THE CANDED OF THE WATER WITHIN WILL RUN OUT.

NOW HE CONSIDER THE PROBLEM OF HOW TO CO ...

[I meet 2] Then after summing around to the other side (the such away from the ment), the came may be righted by standing on the lower lectoral untile pulling on the meet. An alternate provedure is possible and has much to recommend it.

[I) meet 3] will be high and shy on top of the inner take undersupon it

FIGURE 6

THE DRAFT MARKED FOR INSERTIONS.

HE 'BREAK' THE DOCUMENT AT THE POINTS OF INSERTION AS FOLLOWS. WE DUPLICATE THE CARD UP TO THE POINT OF INSERTION, THEN PUNCH 'OVOIDO' WITH THE FIRST ASTERISK IN THE POSITION WHERE THE FIRST CHARACTER OF THE INSERTION IS TO GO. HE THEN PUNCH 'OCKO' IN COLUMNS 69-72. (IN SOME CASES THIS WILL REQUIRE THO CARDS.) NOW ON A FRESH CARD WE PUNCH 'OVOIDO' STARTING IN COLUMN 1 AND PUNCH 'OCKO' IMMEDIATELY TO THE LEFT OF THE FIRST COLUMN NOT DUPLICATED ABOVE. THEN THIS CARD IS COMPLETED BY DUPLICATING THE PART OF THE CRIGINAL CARD PAST THE POINT OF INSERTION. NOTE THAT WHILE WE HAVE NOT YET MADE ANY INSERTIONS WE HAVE PREPARED THE DOCUMENT CECK SO THAT ANY INSERTION CARDS CAN BE PLACED BETMEEN TWO CARDS. OF COURSE, THE INSERTION MATERIAL WILL START IN COLUMN 1 AND WILL END WITH A VOIDED AREA THROUGH COLUMN 72 SO THAT NO UNWANTED SPACES ARE INSERTED. IN THE UNLIKELY EVENT THAT A POINT OF INSERTION IS BETWEEN TWO CARDS, THE ABOVE PROCEDURE IS NOT NECESSARY. SEE FIGURE 7 FOR THE REVISED DOCUMENT DECK WHICH, THOUGH CONTAINING THE THREE BREAKPOINTS, WILL STILL PRODUCE THE SAME DOCUMENT AS BEFORE.

*PARA*THE TIME WILL COME WHEN THE SAILING CANDE IS BLOWN OVER FOR ONE RE
ASON OR ANOTHER. *VOID* *OK*

VOID *OK**THE IMMEDIATE PROBLEM IS TO RIGHT THE CANDE AND BAIL T

HE WATER OUT. THE FIRST THING TO DO IS TO LOWER THE SAIL. *VOID* *OK*

VOID *OK**YOU MUST BE

PREPARED BY HAVING AN INFLATED INNER TUBE IN THE CANDE. AFTER LOWERING

THE SAIL, THE INFLATED INNER TUBE IS FORCED BENEATH THE UNDERWATER SIDE

OF THE CANDE, AMIDSHIPS. THE CANDE WILL SLOWLY RISE, AND, AT THE SAME

TIME, THE WATER WITHIN WILL RUN OUT. FINALLY THE CANDE *VOID* *OK*

VOID *OK**CAN BE FLIPPED O

FF IN AN UPRIGHT POSITION.*PARA*NOW WE CONSIDER THE PROBLEM OF HOW TO CO

FIGURE 7

DOUBLE-SPACED VERBATIM LISTING OF THE DOCUMENT DECK 'BROKEN' AT THE POINTS WHERE THE INSERTIONS ARE DESIRED.

WE NOW TYPE THE INSERTIONS MAKING SURE THAT EACH STARTS A CARD IN COLUMN 1 AND, UNLESS IT FINISHES EXACTLY ON COLUMN 72 OF SOME CARD, ENDS WITH A VOIDED AREA THROUGH COLUMN 72. EACH INSERTION CAN BE PRECEDED BY A CARD WHICH DOES SOME VERTICAL SPACING AND TELLS WHAT INSERTION NUMBER FOLLOWS. SEE FIGURE 8 FOR THE VERBATIM LISTING OF THE THREE INSERTIONS AND FIGURE 9 FOR THE RESULTANT PRINTED DOCUMENT WHICH CONSISTS OF ONLY THE INSERTIONS.

SKIP*2*INSERT 1 **SKIP*2VOID* **OK**

THE OCCUPANT(S) WILL HAVE FALLEN IN THE WATER AND **VOID* **OK**

SKIP*2*INSERT 2 **SKIP*2VOID* **OK**

THEN, AFTER SWIMMING AROUND TO THE OTHER SIDE (THE SIDE AWAY FROM THE MA ST), THE CANDE MAY BE RIGHTED BY STANDING ON THE LOWER LEEBOARD WHILE PU LLING ON THE MAST. THEN THE ARDUOUS TASK OF BAILING COMMENCES. AN ALTE RNATE PROCEDURE IS POSSIBLE AND HAS MUCH TO RECOMMEND IT. **VOID* **OK**

SKIP*2INSERT 3 **SKIP*2***VOID* **OK**

SKIP*2INSERT 3 **SKIP*2***VOID* **OK**

OK*

OK*

OK*

OK*

OK

*

FIGURE 8

DOUBLE-SPACED VERBATIM LISTING OF THE THREE SETS OF INSERTION CARDS.

INSERT 1

THE OCCUPANT(S) WILL HAVE FALLEN IN THE WATER AND

INSERT 2

THEN, AFTER SWIMMING AROUND TO THE OTHER SIDE (THE SIDE AWAY FROM THE MAST), THE CANDE MAY BE RIGHTED BY STANDING ON THE LOWER LEEBOARD WHILE PULLING ON THE MAST. THEN THE ARDUOUS TASK OF BAILING COMMENCES. AN ALTERNATE PROCEDURE IS POSSIBLE AND HAS MUCH TO RECOMMEND IT.

INSERT 3

WILL BE HIGH AND DRY ON TOP OF THE INNER TUBE WHEREUPON IT

FIGURE 9

THE DOCUMENT PRODUCED BY FEEDING THE CARDS OF FIGURE 8 TO THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM.

THE IDEA OF RUNNING THE INSERTIONS SEPARATELY AT FIRST IS TO BE ABLE TO PROOFREAD ONLY THE INSERTIONS. ONCE THEY HAVE BEEN CORRECTED (IF NECESSARY) EACH MAY BE DROPPED IN THE PLACE PREPARED FOR IT IN THE DOCUMENT DECK. WE SEE IN FIGURE 10 THE DOCUMENT DECK AFTER THE THREE INSERTIONS HAVE BEEN PUT IN, AND IN FIGURE 11, WE SEE THE DOCUMENT PRODUCED USING THE FIGURE 10 CARDS AS INPUT TO THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM. (OF COURSE, THE CARDS WITH THE IDENTIFYING INSERTION NUMBER ARE DISCARDED.)

*PARA*THE TIME WILL COME WHEN THE SAILING CANDE IS BLOWN OVER FOR ONE RE ASON OR ANCTHER. . . VOID. *OK* THE OCCUPANT(S) WILL HAVE FALLEN IN THE WATER AND .VOID+ *OK* *OK*THE IMMEDIATE PROBLEM IS TO RIGHT THE CANDE AND BAIL T -VOID-HE WATER DUT. THE FIRST THING TO DO IS TO LOWER THE SAIL. *VOID* *OK* THEN, AFTER SWIMMING AROUND TO THE OTHER SIDE (THE SIDE AWAY FROM THE MA ST), THE CANDE MAY BE RIGHTED BY STANDING ON THE LOWER LEEBOARD WHILE PU LLING ON THE MAST. THEN THE ARDUOUS TASK OF BAILING COMMENCES. AN ALTE *VOID* ***OK*YOU MUST BE** PREPARED BY HAVING AN INFLATED INNER TUBE IN THE CANOE. AFTER LOWERING THE SAIL, THE INFLATED INNER TUBE IS FORCED BENEATH THE UNDERWATER SIDE OF THE CANCE, AMIDSHIPS. THE CANDE WILL SLOWLY RISE, AND, AT THE SAME TIME, THE WATER WITHIN WILL RUN OUT. FINALLY THE CANGE .VOID. *OK* WILL BE HIGH AND DRY ON TOP OF THE INNER TUBE WHEREUPON IT *VOID* *0K* *VCID* *OK*CAN BE FLIPPED O FF IN AN UPRIGHT POSITION. *PARA*NOW WE CONSIDER THE PROBLEM OF HOW TO CO

FIGURE 10

DOUBLE-SPACED VERBATIM LISTING OF THE 'BROKEN' DOCUMENT DECK WITH THE INSERTIONS IN PLACE.

THE TIME WILL COME WHEN THE SAILING CANDE IS BLOWN OVER FOR ONE REASON OR ANOTHER. THE OCCUPANT(S) WILL HAVE FALLEN IN THE WATER AND THE IMMEDIATE PROBLEM IS TO RIGHT THE CANDE AND BAIL THE WATER OUT. THE FIRST THING TO DO IS TO LOWER THE SAIL. THEN, AFTER SWIMMING AROUND TO THE OTHER SIDE (THE SIDE AWAY FROM THE MAST), THE CANDE MAY BE RIGHTED BY STANDING ON THE LOWER LEEBOARD WHILE PULLING ON THE MAST. THEN THE ARDUOUS TASK OF BAILING COMMENCES. AN ALTERNATE PROCEDURE IS POSSIBLE AND HAS MUCH TO RECOMMEND IT. YOU MUST BE PREPARED BY HAVING AN INFLATED INNER TUBE IN THE CANDE. AFTER LOWERING THE SAIL, THE INFLATED INNER TUBE IS FORCED BENEATH THE UNDERWATER SIDE OF THE CANDE, AMIDSHIPS. THE CANDE WILL SLOWLY RISE, AND, AT THE SAME TIME, THE WATER WITHIN WILL RUN OUT. FINALLY THE CANDE WILL BE HIGH AND DRY ON TOP OF THE INNER TUBE WHEREUPON IT CAN BE FLIPPED OFF IN AN UPRIGHT POSITION.

NOW WE CONSIDER THE PROBLEM OF HOW TO CO ...

FIGURE 11

THE NEW DRAFT (WITH THE THREE INSERTIONS) PRODUCED BY CARDS OF FIGURE 10.

YOU WILL NOTE UPON CAREFUL EXAMINATION OF FIGURE 11 THAT THERE ARE THREE SPACES BETWEEN THE SECOND INSERT AND THE NEXT SENTENCE, I.E., BETWEEN THE TERMINAL CHARACTER OF 'TO RECOMMEND IT.' AND THE INITIAL CHARACTER OF 'YOU MUST BE'. HOWEVER, WE SEE IN FIGURE 10 (ON THE NINTH CARD) THAT THERE ARE TWO SPACES BETWEEN 'TO RECOMMEND IT.' AND THE VOID INSTRUCTION AND (ON THE TENTH CARD) THERE ARE NO SPACES BETWEEN THE OK INSTRUCTION AND 'YOU MUST BE'. WHY THEN DID THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM PUT IN THE EXTRA SPACE? THIS SITUATION WAS POINTED OUT TO ME BY ONE OF THE REVIEWERS OF AN EARLIER VERSION OF THIS DOCUMENT (A VERSION THAT DID NOT CONTAIN THE PARAGRAPH YOU ARE NOW READING). DESPITE APPEARANCES TO THE CONTRARY, THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM MADE NO MISTAKE. THE ERROR WAS MADE BY THE AUTHOR IN KEYPUNCHING AND SHOWS UP MOST CLEARLY IN FIGURE 8. I LEAVE IT AS AN EXERCISE FOR THE READER TO FIND THE EXTRA SPACE.

THE SQUEEZE PROGRAM

IT CAN BE EASILY SEEN THAT AFTER SEVERAL ITERATIONS OF CORRECTING THE CARD DECK THAT CONSTITUTES OUR RAW DOCUMENT, THAT DECK MAY ACQUIRE QUITE A FEW VOIDED AREAS. EACH TIME THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM READS THE DECK TO PRODUCE THE LATEST DRAFT, IT PUST SCAN THROUGH THESE VOIDED AREAS, SOMEWHAT INCREASING ITS RUNNING TIME. FURTHERMORE, IF AN ORIGINAL CARD HAS BEEN BROKEN UP INTO SEVERAL PIECES BECAUSE OF SEPARATELY MADE CHANGES, IT IS MORE DIFFICULT FOR HUMANS TO READ THIS MATERIAL SHOULD THERE HAVE TO BE FURTHER CHANGES IN THE VICINITY. ALSO HE HOULD LIKE TO MINIMIZE PHYSICAL STORAGE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DOCUMENT DECKS AND (LATER ON) FOR THE MAGNETIC TAPES STORING THE DOCUMENTS. HENCE, EVERY SO CFTEN WE WOULD LIKE A NEW DOCUMENT DECK WITH THE VOIDED AREAS SQUEEZED OUT. A SECOND (1401) PROGRAM IS INCLUDED IN THE AUTOMATED COCUMENTATION SYSTEM WHICH DOES THIS. THIS PROGRAM, CALLED 'SQUEEZE', COPIES THE DOCUMENT DECK, SQUEEZING OUT THE VOIDED AREAS. IN ADDITION, THE NEW DECK IS PUNCHED IN COLUMNS 73-75 WITH AN IDENTIFYING SET OF THREE CHARACTERS AND SEQUENTIALLY NUMBERED IN COLUMNS 76-80. THE THREE CHARACTERS ALLON US TO IDENTIFY OR MARK DECKS OR PORTIUNS OF DECKS. THE SEQUENTIAL NUMBERING ALLOWS US TO SORT ANY ACCIDENTALLY DROPPED DECKS.

THERE IS A NEW INSTRUCTION

*END*SECTION*

WHICH IS RECOGNIZED BY THE SQUEEZE PROGRAM. (HOWEVER, THIS SAME STRING IS NOT RECOGNIZED AS AN INSTRUCTION BY THE DOCUMENT MACHINE BUT IS PRINTED AS TEXT.) UPON ENCOUNTERING THIS INSTRUCTION, THE SQUEEZE PROGRAM TERMINATES THE CARD IT IS THEN PUNCHING WITH A VOIDED AREA. THE MATERIAL FOLLOWING THIS INSTRUCTION, THEREFORE, STARTS A NEW CARD. THE INSTRUCTION ITSELF IS NOT COPIED. THUS, 'BREAKPOINTS' IN THE NEWLY PUNCHED DOCUMENT DECK MAY BE CREATED. ONE OF THE USES OF THIS NEW INSTRUCTION IS TO MAINTAIN BREAKPOINTS WHILE REMOVING ALL OTHER VOIDED AREAS. THIS MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED, E.G., BY INSERTING A CARD CONTAINING THE END-SECTION INSTRUCTION CNLY (THE REST IS VOIDED) AT EACH EXISTING BREAKPOINT IN THE DECK TO BE SQUEEZED. IF IT IS DESIRABLE TO HAVE THE SQUEEZE PROGRAM PUNCH AN END-SECTION INSTRUCTION IN THE NEW DECK (ASSUMING YOU EXPECT ANOTHER SET OF CORRECTIONS BEFORE THE DOCUMENT IS FINAL) PLACE THE STRING

*END*SEC*VOID**OK*TION*

IN THE CARD WITH THE END-SECTION INSTRUCTION. WHEN THE VOIDED AREA IS SQUEEZED OUT, AN END-SECTION INSTRUCTION REMAINS TO BE PUNCHED IN THE COMPRESSED DECK. SQUEEZE RECOGNIZES (AND DOES NOT COPY) VOIDED AREAS AS WELL AS THE '*END*DOC*' EDITING INSTRUCTION. THIS LATTER TERMINATES THE PROGRAM. ANY OTHER EDITING INSTRUCTIONS ARE COPIED AS TEXT BY THE SQUEEZE PROGRAM. THE DECK SHOWN IN FIGURE 10 HAS VOIDED AREAS AS A RESULT OF THE CORRECTION PROCEDURES APPLIED. WHEN THESE CARDS ARE FED TO THE SQUEEZE PROGRAM, THEY ARE REPUNCHED AS SHOWN IN FIGURE 12.

*PARA*THE TIME WILL COME WHEN THE SAILING CANDE IS BLOWN OVER FOR ONE RE ASON OR ANOTHER. THE OCCUPANT(S) WILL HAVE FALLEN IN THE WATER AND THE IMMEDIATE PROBLEM IS TO RIGHT THE CANOE AND BAIL THE WATER OUT. THE FIR ST THING TO DO IS TO LOWER THE SAIL. THEN, AFTER SWIMMING AROUND TO THE OTHER SIDE (THE SIDE AWAY FROM THE MAST), THE CANDE MAY BE RIGHTED BY S TANDING ON THE LOWER LEEBOARD WHILE PULLING ON THE MAST. THEN THE ARDUO US TASK OF BAILING COMMENCES. AN ALTERNATE PROCEDURE IS POSSIBLE AND HA S MUCH TO RECOMMEND IT. YOU MUST BE PREPARED BY HAVING AN INFLATED INN ER TUBE IN THE CANOE. AFTER LOWERING THE SAIL, THE INFLATED INNER TUBE IS FORCED BENEATH THE UNDERWATER SIDE OF THE CANDE, AMIDSHIPS. THE CAN OE WILL SLOWLY RISE, AND, AT THE SAME TIME, THE WATER WITHIN WILL RUN OU T. FINALLY THE CANDE WILL BE HIGH AND DRY ON TOP OF THE INNER TUBE WHER EUPON IT CAN BE FLIPPED OFF IN AN UPRIGHT POSITION. PARA NOW WE CONSIDER THE PROBLEM OF HOW TO COPE WITH CURIOUS FOLK WHO MUST LOOK BEYOND THE &

FIGURE 12

DOUBLE-SPACED VERBATIM LISTING OF SQUEEZED CARDS OF FIGURE 10. (NOTE THAT THE IDENTIFICATION AND SEQUENCING, COLS 73-90, HAVE BEEN OMITTED FROM THE FIGURE).

CTHER TECHNIQUES

TABLEAR MATERIAL CAN BE HANDLED BY A VARIETY OF METHODS. FOR TABLES THAT ARE NOT TOO COMPLICATED, I.E., NOT MANY COLUMNS, THE TYPIST CAN SIMPLY TYPE THE APPROPRIATE TAB INSTRUCTION BEFORE TYPING EACH ENTRY. IF THE ENTRIES ARE TO BE RIGHT JUSTIFIED, E.G., NUMERALS, THE TYPIST TYPES ZERO OR MORE SPACES BETWEEN THE TAB INSTRUCTION AND THE ENTRY. AN OCCASIONAL ERROR IN, 'AY, THE NUMBER OF SPACES CAN BE EASILY CORRECTED BY THE INSERTION (OR ANALOGOUS DELETION) TECHNIQUE GIVEN ELSEWHERE IN THIS PAPER. SHOULD THE TYPING OF THE SEVEN-CHARACTER TAB EDITING INSTRUCTION PROVE FATIGUING, THE KEYPUNCH DRUM CARD CAN BE USED TO GREAT ADVANTAGE. FOR MATERIAL THAT WILL FIT WITHIN THE SEVENTY-THO COLUMNS OF A SINGLE CARD, THE DRUM CARD MAY BE SET UP IN FIELDS TO CORRESPOND TO THE TABULAR MATERIAL. THEN THE SKIP KEY ON THE KEY PUNCH IS ACTIVATED TO GO FROM FIELD TO FIELD AS IS USUALLY DONE IN KEYPUNCHING. A BETTER DRUM CARD TECHNIQUE, ORIGINATED AS PART OF THIS AUTOMATED DOCUMENTATION SYSTEM, IS TO PUNCH THE TAB EDITING INSTRUCTIONS IN THE FIRST CARD WITH JUST ENOUGH ROOM BETWEEN FOR THE ENTRIES. THEN, A DRUM CARD IS USED THAT AUTOMATICALLY CUPLICATES THE TAB INSTRUCTIONS AND STOPS FOR THE TYPIST TO FILL IN THE ENTRIES. IF ONE LINE OF THE TABULAR MATERIAL DOES NOT FIT ON A SINGLE CARD, IT MAY BE DIVIDED UP INTO, SAY, TWO HALVES. THE ENTIRE LEFT HALF CAN BE KEYPUNCHED, THEN THE ENTIRE RIGHT HALF. THE TWO HALVES CAN BE COLLATED EITHER MANUALLY OR USING THE EAM COLLATCR.

WHEN TYPING TABULAR MATERIAL USING TAB EDITING INSTRUCTIONS, WE DO NOT HAVE TO DECIDE AT THE TIME OF TYPING EXACTLY WHERE THE COLUMNS ARE TO BE IN THE FINISHED DOCUMENT. SINCE THE TAB STOPS ARE SYMBOLIC (OR VARIABLE) WE CAN PRINT THE MATERIAL (USING THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM) WITH SOME APPROXIMATE TAR SETTINGS. THEN, IF THE COLUMNS ARE NOT SPACED TO DUR LIKING, WE RESET THE TAB STOPS BY PLACING A FEW 'SET' EDITING INSTRUCTIONS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DOCUMENT DECK. THUS, WITHOUT RETYPING THE COMPLICATED TABULAR MATERIAL WE CAN GET THE ENTIRE DOCUMENT REPRINTED WITH DIFFERENT SPACING BETWEEN COLUMNS.

SIMILARLY FOR THE MARGINS, NUMBER-OF-LINES PER PAGE, ETC. NO NEED FOR THE TYPIST TO DO HANDSTANDS AT THE KEYBOARD. ANY CHANGES IN, SAY, MARGIN SETTINGS MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED LATER BY INSERTING THE DESIRED EDITING INSTRUCTIONS AT THE PLACES MANTED IN THE COCUMENT DECK. THE TEXT MAY APPEAR ON ONE SIDE OF THE PAGE, SAY ON THE RIGHT,

CR ON THE CTHER SIDE, SAY ON THE LEFT. IT MAY BE IN SKINNY SMALL LINES

OR AS WIDE AS EITHER THE PAPER OR THE PRINT LINE WILL ALLOW. ALL THIS WITHOUT THE TYPIST'S PUTTING IN CARRIAGE RETURNS AT THE END OF ANY LINE.

WITHIN THE EAM FIELD ARE USED WHAT ARE KNOWN AS "TUB CARDS". THESE ARE PREPUNCHED CARDS 'PULLED' OR TAKEN FROM 'TUB FILES' AS NEEDED RATHER THAN KEYPUNCHED AT THAT TIME. THEY ARE USUALLY PREPARED BY GANG PUNCHING. SUCH A TECHNIQUE IS QUITE USEFUL IN THE PREPARATION OF DOCUMENTS USING MY SYSTEM. IT IS USEFUL FOR THOSE PARTS OF DOCUMENTS THAT ARE HIGHLY FORMATTED, THAT HAVE REPEATED HEADINGS OR SENTENCES. APPENDIX B OF THIS DOCUMENT IS AN EXAMPLE. PORE THAN HALF OF IT WAS PREPARED BY MEANS OF SUCH TUB CARDS. IN THE EAM APPLICATIONS, TUB CARDS ARE USUALLY SINGLE CARDS. HOWEVER, IN THE AUTOMATED DOCUMENT SYSTEM, THE REPEATED MEADING, SENTENCE OR WHATEVER MAY NOT FIT ON ONE CARD. RATHER, IT WILL BE ON A SET OF CARDS (ENDING, OF COURSE, WITH A VOIDED AREA). SINCE A SET OF TWO OR MORE CARDS CANNOT BE DIRECTLY GANG PUNCHED, THEY ARE MADE ON THE EAM REPRODUCER. AFTER KEY PUNCHING AND CAREFULLY CHECKING THE PROTOTYPE SET, THE CARDS CONSTITUTING THE SET ARE REPRODUCED. PUT THE OLD AND NEW DECKS TOGETHER AND REPRODUCE AGAIN. NOW YOU HAVE FOUR SETS. CNCF AGAIN AND YOU HAVE EIGHT. THEN SIXTEEN, IHIRTY-TWO, ETC., DEPENDING ON HOW MANY SETS YOU NEED.

AUTOMATED PRODUCTION OF STATUS-DISPLAYING DOCUMENTS

BESIDES BEING USEFUL FOR THE CONVERGENT PROCESS OF PRODUCING LARGE TECHNICAL DRAFTS, THE EXISTING SYSTEM CAN BE USED TO PRODUCE REVISIONS OF THOSE STATUS-DISPLAYING DOCUMENTS THAT MUST BE REISSUED FROM TIME TO TIME. ONE EXAMPLE IS THE RAC PUBLICATION LIST, A DOCUMENT THAT LISTS ALL RAC DOCUMENTS. IT MUST RE REVISED, E.G., EVERY TIME A DOCUMENT'S CLASSIFICATION CHANGES. A SINGLE CHANGE ON A PAGE NECESSITATES THE ENTIRE PAGE, NUT JUST THE CHANGE, BEING RETYPED. THEN, OF COURSE, THE ENTIRE PAGE MUST BE PROOFREAD, THE LATTER REQUIRING TWO PEOPLE. HOWEVER, UNDER THE AUTOMATED SYSTEM, AS SOON AS THIS (OR ANY) DOCUMENT HAS BEEN KEYPUNCHED IT CAN BE CONTINUOUSLY MAINTAINED, READY FOR MHOLE OR PARTIAL REISSUE AT ANY TIME. SEE FIGURE 13 FOR A SAMPLE OF THE RAC PUBLICATION LIST PREPARED BY THIS SYSTEM. FIGURE 14 SHOWS TME CARDS. WE SEE FROM THIS FXAMPLE HOW THE LEFT-MARGIN EDITING

INSTRUCTION SETS THE POINT AT WHICH NEW PRINT LINES BEGIN. THE EXCEPTION ARISES WHEN WE TAB TO A JOINT TO THE LEFT OF WHERE THE CURRENT LINE IS AT THE TIME OF TABBING. SUBSEQUENT TEXT IS PRINTED ON THE NEXT LINE STARTING AT THAT TAB STOP -- EVEN IF IT IS TO THE LEFT OF THE 'LEFT MARGIN'. (HOWEVER, THOUGH NOT SHOWN IN THIS EXAMPLE, THE RIGHT MARGIN CANNOT BE VIOLATED. FOR TABBING TO A POINT TO THE RIGHT OF THE RIGHT MARGIN WILL CAUSE SUBSEQUENT TEXT TO GO ON THE NEXT LINE STARTING AT THE LEFT MARGIN). IT IS INTERESTING TO NOTE THAT, AT PRESENT, THE (EXTERNAL) RAC PUBLICATION LIST DOCUMENT IS ISSUED A YEAR-AND-A-HALF LATE. THERE IS NO ANALOGOUS RAC LIST FOR KEEPING TRACK OF DRAFTS. OF COURSE, OUR CUSTOMER, THE ARMY, HAS MANY SUCH DOCUMENTS THAT WOULD EASILY BE CONTINUOUSLY HAINTAINED UNDER THIS SYSTEM.

TECHNICAL MEMORANDA

- T-419
 A PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION OF FIELD-ARMY-MISSILE PENETRABILITY (U)
 JAN 64. SECRET-RESTRICTED DATA, STUDY 17.1, 184 PP (GROUP 1)
 HALTER ECKHARDT, RICHARD H. GRAMANN, SIDNEY T. MATHEWS, W. BRUCE TAYLOR, CHARLES W. WUMAN
- T-420 SPIKE WOUNDS IN THE VIETNAMESE GUERRILLA WAR (U) FEB 64, CONFIDENTIAL, STUDY 62.4.3, 33 PP, AD 349593, (GROUP 1) MARK J. EISNER AND SAM BUU SON
- T-421 EAST GERMANY'S ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE ON THE WEST) A POTENTIAL FOR STRATEGY (U) FEB 64, SECRET, STUDY RP-121, 46 PP, (GROUP 3) HEINZ C. KRAUSE
- T-422 RAC AIR ASSAULT CONCEPT STUDIES -- 1963 (U)
 MAIN FEB 64, SECRET, STUDY C-511, 64 PP, (GROUP 4)
 BODY MAJ GEN JAMES G. CHRISTIANSEN AND WILLIAM H. SUTHERLAND

APP A,RAC AIR ASSAULT CONCEPT STUDIES -- 1963 (U) (OPERATIONAL PROBLEMS OF AIR ASSAULT FORCES EMPLOYED IN PIDDLE EAST (U)) FEB 64, SECRET, STUDY C-511, 250 PP THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP

VOL I APP B, CODEC I. A WAR GAME CONDUCTED FOR THE COMBAT DEVELOPMENTS COMMAND (U) (RAG AIR ASSAULT CONCEPT STUDIES -- 1963 (U))
FEB 64, CONFIDENTIAL, STUDY C-511, 143 PP THE IMEATRESPIEL GROUP

FIGURE 13

SAMPLE OF RAC PUBLICATION LIST PRODUCED BY THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM.

*LEFT**MARGIN**C**TAB**A**TECHNICAL MEMORANDA**SKIP*1**TAB**A**T-419**TAB**C**A PR ELIMINARY INVESTIGATION OF FIELD**ARMY-MISSILE PENETRABILITY (U)**TAB**C**JAN 64, SECRET-RESTRICTED DATA, STUDY 17.1, 184 PP (GROUP 1)**TAB**C**MALTER ECKHARDT, RICHARD H. GRAMANN, SIDNEY T. MATHEWS, W. BRUCE TAYLOR, CHARLE S W. WUMAN**SKIP**I***O**TAB**A**T-420**TAB**C**SPIKE WOUNDS IN THE VIETNAMESE GUER RILLA WAR (U)**TAB**A**(SEA)**TAB**C**FEB 64, CONFIDENTIAL, STUDY 62.4.3, 33 PP, AD 349593, (GROUP 1)**TAB**C**MARK J. EISNER AND SAM BUU SON**SKIP**I**TAB**A**TAL**I**TAB**C**EB 64, CONFIDENTIAL, STUDY 62.4.3, 33 PP, AD 349593, (GROUP 1)**TAB**C**MARK J. EISNER AND SAM BUU SON**SKIP**I**TAB**A**TAL**I**TAB**C**FEB 64, SECRET, STUDY RP-121, 46 PP, (GROUP 3)**TAB**C**FEB 64, SECRET, STUDY RP-121, 46 PP, (GROUP 3)**TAB**C**HEINZ C. KRAUSE**SKIP**I**TAB**A**T-422**TAB**C**RAC AIR ASSAULT CONCEPT STUDIES -- 1963 (U)**TAB**A**BODY**TAB**C**MAJ GEN JAMES G. CHRISTIANSEN AND WILLIAM H. SUTHERLAND**SKIP**Z**APP A, RAC AIR ASSAULT CONCEPT STUDIES -- 1963 (U)**TAB**C**FEB 64, SECRET, STUDY C-511, 250 PP**TAB**C**THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP**SKIP**I**TAB**A**YOL I**TAB**C**APP B. CODEC I. A WAR GAME CONDUCTED FOR THE COMBAT DEVELOPMENTS COMMAND (U) (RAC AIR ASSAULT CONCEPT STUDIES -- 1963 (U)**TAB**C**FEB 64, CONFIDENTIAL, STUDY C-511, 143 PP**TAB**C**THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP**STUDIES -- 1963 (U)**TAB**C**FEB 64, CONFIDENTIAL, STUDY C-511, 143 PP**TAB**C**THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP**STUDIES -- 1963 (U)**TAB**C**FEB 64, CONFIDENTIAL, STUDY C-511, 143 PP**TAB**C**THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP**STUDIES -- 1963 (U)**TAB**C**FEB 64, CONFIDENTIAL, STUDY C-511, 143 PP**TAB**C**THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP**STUDIES -- 1963 (U)**TAB**C**FEB 64, CONFIDENTIAL, STUDY C-511, 143 PP**TAB**C**THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP**STUDIES -- 1963 (U)**TAB**C**FEB 64, CONFIDENTIAL, STUDY C-511, 143 PP**TAB**C**THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP**STUDIES**C**THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP**STUDIES**C**THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP**STUDIES**C**THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP**STUDIES**C**THE THEATRESPIEL GROUP**STUDIES**C**THE T

FIGURE 14

SINGLE-SPACED VERBATIM LISTING OF CARDS THAT PRODUCED FIGURE 13.

PUTTING A PROGRAM LISTING INTO THE DOCUMENT

FREQUENTLY A TECHNICAL DOCUMENT DESCRIBES A COMPUTER SYSTEM.

PART OF THE DOCUMENT -- SOMETIMES A PRINCIPAL PART, SOMETIMES AN APPENDIX -- WILL CONTAIN A SOURCE PROGRAM LISTING. THE PROGRAM MAY HAVE BEEN WRITTEN IN FORTRAN, COBOL OR SOME ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE. IF THE TECHNICAL DOCUMENT IS PRODUCED BY MEANS OF THE PUNCHED-CARD, EAM, SMALL-COMPUTER SYSTEM HEREIN DESCRIBED, IT IS VERY EASY TO MAKE THE SOURCE PROGRAM A PART OF THE DOCUMENT. FIRST MAKE A DECK OF IDENTICAL CARDS BY GANG PUNCHING (USING THE EAM REPRODUCER). EACH OF THE CARDS CONTAINS '*SKIP*O* AND A VOIDED AREA TO FILL IT OUT. THIS DECK IS THEN INTERSPERSED WITH THE SOURCE PROGRAM DECK SO THAT EACH SOURCE PROGRAM CARD IS BOTH PRECEDED AND FOLLOWED BY A SKIP EDITING INSTRUCTION. WHEN THE RESULTANT DECK IS PROCESSED BY THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM, A SINGLE-SPACED LISTING OF THE SOURCE PROGRAM DECK IS PRODUCED. (BE SURE TO SET THE MARGINS SO AS TO MAKE THE PRINT LINE WIDE ENOUGH.) IF A DOUBLE-SPACED LISTING IS DESIRED, USE '*SKIP*I* INSTEAD OF '*SKIP*O*', ETC. THE INTERSPERSED SKIP EDITING INSTRUCTIONS HAVE THE EFFECT OF FORCING EACH SOURCE PROGRAM CARD TO BE LISTED ON A SEPARATE PRINT LINE. OTHERWISE, THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM HOULD PAY NO ATTENTION TO BEGINNING AND ENDING OF DATA CARDS. WE NOTE THAT THE SOURCE PROGRAM DECK BEING INCORPORATED INTO THE DOCUMENT IS READ FROM COLUMN 1 THROUGH COLUMN 72 ONLY WHICH AGREES WITH THE CARD FORMATS USED FOR SUCH SOURCE LANGUAGES AS FORTRAN, COBOL, MAP, FAP, SAP, AUTOCODER AND SPS.

CAUSING THE DOCUMENT TO PUNCH THE PROGRAM DECK

WE SAW ABOVE HOW TO INSERT A PROGRAM LISTING INTO A DOCUMENT. BY MEANS OF THE PUNCH EDITING INSTRUCTION WE CAN DO THE INVERSE, I.E., MAKE THE DOCUMENT PRODUCE THE SOURCE PROGRAM DECK READY FOR COMPILING OR ASSEMBLING. WE MAY FOLLOW NEARLY THE SAME PROCEDURE AS WE DO FOR INSERTING THE SOURCE PROGRAM DECK. EACH CARD IN THE GANG-PUNCHED DECK THAT IS INTERSPERSED WITH THE PROGRAM DECK CONTAINS A PUNCH EDITING INSTRUCTION IN ADDITION TO THE SKIP EDITING INSTRUCTION (WITH THE REST VOIDED). THUS EACH SOURCE PROGRAM CARD IS PRECEDED BY A PUNCH AND A SKIP EDITING INSTRUCTION. THE VERY LAST SOURCE PROGRAM CARD SHOULD BE FOLLOWED BY A SKIP CARD FOR A PUNCH INSTRUCTION HERE WILL MAKE THE NEXT LINE OF TEXT ALSO BE PUNCHED. COPIOUS COMMENTS MAY BE

INTERSPERSED BETWEEN THE SOURCE PROGRAM CARDS. (BE SURE TO BEGIN EACH COMMENT WITH A SKIP EDITING INSTRUCTION SO THAT THE ABOVE SOURCE PROGRAM CARD IS PROPERLY ENDED ON THE PRINT LINE.) SINCE THESE COMMENTS NEED NOT BE PRECEDED BY PUNCH EDITING INSTRUCTIONS. THEY MAY BE IN ANY FORMAT DESIRABLE AND NEED NOT BE COMPATIBLE WITH THE CARD FORMAT REQUIRED BY THE SOURCE PROGRAM ASSEMBLER OR THE MOST LIKELY CARD FORMAT IS THE FIELD-FREE ONE USED FOR ANY TEXTUAL MATERIAL WITH THIS AUTOMATED SYSTEM. DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM DO THE COMPOSING OF THE LINES OF THE COMMENTS. OF COURSE, THE ENTIRE DECK CAN BE COMPRESSED BY PROCESSING IT THROUGH THE SQUEEZE PROGRAM AND, THUS, THE VOIDED AREAS ARE REMOVED. SINCE NORMAL DOCUMENT DECK CORRECTION PROCEDURES APPLY, WE MAY CORRECT EITHER SOURCE PROGRAM, INTERSPERSED COMMENTS OR OTHER TEXT WITH EQUAL FACILITY. E.G., IF A COMPLICATED INSTRUCTION (SAY, A FORTRAN FORMAT STATEMENT) IS ALMOST CORRECT BUT REQUIRES THE INSERTION OF SEVERAL CHARACTERS BETWEEN ADJACENT COLUMNS, THIS CAN BE EASILY ACCOMPLISHED WITHOUT HAVING TO REPUNCH THE ENTIRE REMAINDER OF THE INSTRUCTION (WHICH WHEN DONE IS FREQUENTLY ACCOMPANIED BY NEW KEY PUNCH ERRORS WASTING MORE RUNS ON A LARGE, EXPENSIVE COMPUTER).

OF COURSE SHOULD THE EXPANDED SOURCE PROGRAM STATEMENT BECOME LARGE ENOUGH TO SPILL OVER ONTO ANOTHER LINE AND, HENCE, ANOTHER CARD, THE PRESENT SYSTEM WOULD NEITHER SUPPLY THE CONTINUATION PUNCH (IN THE CASE OF FORTRAN) NOR THE 'ETC' OP CODE (IN THE CASE OF MAP CR FAP) NOR WOULD THAT SECOND LINE EVEN BE PUNCHED (SINCE THE PUNCH EDITING INSTRUCTION IS EFFECTIVE FOR ONLY THE NEXT LINE). HOWEVER, SUCH A FACILITY COULD EASILY BE INCLUDED IN AN EXPANDED SYSTEM.

UNTIL THE ADVENT OF THIS AUTOMATED DOCUMENTATION SYSTEM, A PROGRAM AND ITS DOCUMENTATION WERE ENTIRELY DISTINCT WITH THE LATTER EITHER NOT EXISTING OR LAGGING BEHIND THE FORMER BY AS MUCH AS SEVERAL YEARS. NOW THE TWO CAN BE COMBINED. A CHANGE TO THE PROGRAM DECK, BESIDES BEING MUCH EASIER TO ACCOMPLISH THAN FORMERLY, NECESSARILY CHANGES THE DOCUMENTATION. FURTHERMORE, THE INCORPORATION OF EXISTING SOURCE PROGRAM DECKS INTO THE DOCUMENT DECK (AS DESCRIBED ABOVE) MAY BE REGARDED AS AN INTERIM PROCEDURE DURING CHANGEOVER TO THIS AUTOMATED DOCUMENTATION SYSTEM. IN MANY CASES IT WOULD BE MUCH MORE CONVENIENT TO PUNCH THE SOURCE PROGRAM IN THE SAME MANNER AS ANY DOCUMENT, I.E., WITHOUT REGARD TO CARD COLUMNS OR BEGINNING OR END OF CARDS USING TAB INSTRUCTIONS WHERE NECESSARY.

BY-PRODUCT APPLICATIONS

THERE ARE SOME RATHER INTERESTING APPLICATIONS THAT THE EXISTING SYSTEM MAKES POSSIBLE AS A BY-PRODUCT OF ITS USE. THESE APPLICATIONS BECOME POSSIBLE BECAUSE DOCUMENTS ARE SUDDENLY IN COMPUTER READABLE FORM WHEREAS THEY WOULD NOT BE OTHERWISE. FOR EXAMPLE, ONCE THE RAC PUBLICATION LIST IS ON CARDS IT WILL BE EASY TO WRITE A RETRIEVAL PROGRAM (TO OPERATE EITHER ON THE 7040 OR 1401) TO YIELD INFORMATION ABOUT OUR DOCUMENTS. TITLES, AUTHORS, DOCUMENT NUMBERS AND CLASSIFICATIONS WILL BE IDENTIFIABLE BECAUSE OF THE TAB INSTRUCTIONS THAT PUNCTUATE THEM. (SEE FIGURES 13 AND 14.) YOU COULD, E.G., ASK FOR A LIST OF ALL DOCUMENTS WITH THE PHRASE "MAR GAME" IN THE TITLE, ETC. ANOTHER APPLICATION IS AUTOMATIC ABSTRACTING OF THE CONTENTS OF DOCUMENTS. MANY GOOD TECHNIQUES ARE KNOWN BUT THEIR MAIN IMPEDIMENT IS GETTING THE DOCUMENTS INTO COMPUTER READABLE FORM. WHEN THIS SYSTEM COMES INTO GENERAL USE, ALL DOCUMENTS PRODUCED UNDER IT WILL BE COMPUTER READABLE.

AN EXAMPLE OF AN EASILY IMPLEMENTED ABSTRACTING PROGRAM IS ONE THAT TAKES THE ENTIRE FIRST PARAGRAPH, THE FIRST SENTENCES FROM SUBSEQUENT PARAGRAPHS AND THE ENTIRE LAST PARAGRAPH FROM A GIVEN DOCUMENT. SUCH A PROGRAM HOULD BE PARTIALLY MADE OF PIECES OF THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM AND COULD BE WRITTEN AND OPERATIVE WITHIN SEVERAL HOURS. THIS ABSTRACTING PROGRAM WOULD DO DOUBLE DUTY. FOR, IF THE GENERATED ABSTRACT DID NOT READ CLEAPLY, WE WOULD KNOW THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS POORLY CONSTRUCTED, DID NOT HAVE TOPIC SENTENCES BEGINNING PARAGRAPHS. ETC.

SYSTEM MODIFICATIONS UNDER CONSIDERATION

SO FAR I HAVE BEEN DISCUSSING APPLICATIONS OF THE EXISTING SYSTEM. IT MAY BE OF INTEREST TO THE READER TO KNOW THAT THIS SYSTEM WAS DESIGNED, PROGRAMMED, CODED, DEBUGGED AND WAS OPERATIVE WITHIN A TWO-WEEK PERIOD. (I MUST ADMIT I HAD BEEN THINKING ABOUT SUCH A SYSTEM FOR SEVERAL YEARS BUT HAD NOT DONE ANY DETAILED PLANNING.) THIS TWO-WEEK SYSTEM DID NOT YET HAVE THE SQUEEZE PROGRAM AND THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM HAD SOMEWHAT LESSER CAPABILITIES. DURING THE SUCCEEDING THO WEEKS THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM WAS IMPROVED. IT WENT FROM EIGHT TO TWENTY-SIX TAB STOPS, FROM TWELVE TO FOURTEEN EDITING INSTRUCTIONS. THE

SPELLING AND OPERATION OF SOME OF THE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS WERE CHANGED. DURING THE SAME SUCCEEDING TWO WEEKS THE SQUEEZE PROGRAM WAS IMPLEMENTED AND MADE OPERATIONAL. HENCE, THE SYSTEM CERTAINLY CAN BE EXPANDED TO INCLUDE MANY OTHER FEATURES WITHIN A REASONABLY SHORT PERIOD OF TIME. THE LIST OF FEATURES THAT MAY BE INCORPORATED INTO THIS SYSTEM IS MUCH TOO LARGE FOR ADEQUATE DISCUSSION WITHIN THE SPACE OF THIS DOCUMENT. LET ME MENTION A

THE STRUCTURE OF THE DOCUMENTATION MACHINE PROGRAM (SEE APPENDIX C.) IS SUCH THAT NEW EDITING INSTRUCTIONS CAN EASILY BE ADDED. FURTHERMORE, IF ANY OF THE CURRENT INSTRUCTIONS TURNS GUT TO BE CLUMSILY SPELLED, THE SPELLING CAN BE CHANGED. BUT WHAT OF THE OLD DOCUMENT DECKS THAT EXIST WITH THE NOW MISSPELLED INSTRUCTIONS IT IS VERY EASY TO CONSTRUCT A PROGRAM FROM ELEMENTS OF THE DOCUMENT MACHINE AND SQUEEZE PROGRAMS (SEE APPENDIX D FOR THE LATTER) WHICH WILL CONVERT, I.E., REPUNCH, THE OLD DECKS INTO NEW ONES WITH THE MODERNIZED SPELLING. SO WE ARE FLEXIBLE. ONE INSTRUCTION TYPE THAT WOULD COME IN HANDY IS A CONTINGENT INSTRUCTION. FOR EXAMPLE, IF THE REMAINING NUMBER OF LINES ON THIS PAGE IS LESS THAN SUCH AND SUCH A NUMBER, GO TO A NEW PAGE, CTHERWISE NOT. THIS WOULD BE USED FOR FIGURES, INDENTED DISPLAYED MATERIAL, ETC., WHICH WE WOULD LIKE TO APPEAR ALL ON ONE PAGE WITHOUT THE NECESSITY OF ALWAYS STARTING A NEW PAGE. BEAR IN MIND THAT WE DO NOT KNOW WHERE THE MATERIAL WILL APPEAR IN THE DOCUMENT AS WE PREPARE IT. IT WOULD BE QUITE USEFUL TO BE ABLE TO USE 'ADDRESS ARITHMETIC' IN, SAY, THE TAB INSTRUCTIONS. FOR EXAMPLE, WE COULD THEN TAB TO A-5 OR TO Q+2, I.E., TO FIVE POSITIONS TO THE LEFT OF TAB STOP A OR TO TWO POSITIONS TO THE RIGHT OF TAB STOP Q. ANOTHER POSSIBILITY IS RIGHT JUSTIFIED TABBING (THE PRESENT IS LEFT JUSTIFIED) FOR NUMERALS. WE MIGHT WANT TO ADD THE ABILITY OF SYMBOLIC REFERENCES TO FIGURES. PRINTING PROGRAM WOULD 'ASSEMBLE' THE DOCUMENT AT PRINTING TIME. AT THAT TIME ASSIGNING NUMBERS TO FIGURES AND FILLING IN PAGE REFERENCES IN THE TEXT. THUS, ONE COULD INSERT. MEW FIGURE BETWEEN TWO OTHERS WITHOUT HAVING TO RENUMBER THE WHOLE SEQUENCE OF FIGURES BEYOND. ANOTHER DESIRABLE SET OF EDITING INSTRUCTIONS WOULD ALLOW FOR STORING THE CURRENT VALUE OF ALL TAB STOPS. MARGINS, ETC., AND FOR THE LATER RESTORING OF THESE VALUES. THIS ABILITY THE DECK WHICH PRODUCED A FIGURE COULD CONTAIN THE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS THAT PROGRAM IT TO RESTORE WHATEVER TABS, MARGINS, ETC., WERE IN EFFECT WHENEVER IT BEGAN AND HAD TO SET THESE PARAMETERS FOR ITSELF. THUS, FIGURES COULD BE MOVED ABOUT AT WILL IN A DOCUMENT WITHOUT HAVING TO REMEMBER TO FIX THE SETTINGS AFTER IT. I MENTIONED ABOVE THAT 'TUB CARDS' ARE USEFUL IN PUTTING TOGETHER PARTS OF DOCUMENTS, E.G., FOR RECURRING HEADINGS IN APPENDICES. WITH THE PRESENT SYSTEM ONE MUST PHYSICALLY REPRODUCE AND INTERPRET SUCH CARDS USING EAM EQUIPMENT. IT WOULD BE NICE TO BE ABLE TO SPECIFY THAT THE NEXT STRING OF CHARACTERS IS TO BE STORED AS TUB GARD SET SO AND SO. THEN

ANYTIME THE SET IS CALLED FOR IN THE DOCUMENT IT WOULD BE INSERTED BY THE PROGRAM. OF COURSE, THESE TUB CARDS ARE ANALOGOUS TO THE PROGRAMMERS' MACRO IN AN ASSEMBLY PROGRAM. WE COULD ALSO INCLUDE SUBSTITUTABLE ARGUMENTS. THUS, FOR EXAMPLE, THE 'INSERT' CARDS OF FIGURE 8 (1.F., FIRST, THIRD AND EIGHTH CARDS) MIGHT BE PRODUCED BY 'MACRO EXPANSION' WITH THE NUMBER AS THE SUBSTITUTABLE ARGUMENT. THE PRESENT DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM NUMBERS PAGES SEQUENTIALLY. IT WOULD BE USEFUL TO BE ABLE TO SPECIFY A CHANGE IN THE NUMBERING BY EDITING INSTRUCTION. LIKEWISE FOR THE PAGE HEADING AND THE CLASSIFICATION WHICH ARE NOW CONSTANT FOR EACH DOCUMENT. A WORD-SYLLABIFICATION SUBROUTINE MIGHT BE INCORPORATED INTO THE SYSTEM ALLOWING FOR AUTOMATIC HYPHENATION. THEN, WITH A FEW MORE ADDITIONS, RIGHT-JUSTIFIED COPY COULD BE PRODUCED.

NATURALLY, THE MORE FEATURES ADDED, THE MORE MEMORY REQUIRED AND THE LONGER PROCESSING WILL TAKE. THE PRESENT PROGRAM OCCUPIES SOME 2750 CHARACTERS OF CORE STORAGE AND PRINTS A PAGE IN TEN TO FIFTEEN SECONDS (DEPENDING ON THE NUMBER OF VOIDED AREAS, LINE WITHEN, SKIPPING. ETC.)

PRELIMINARY COST CONSIDERATIONS

THE QUESTION OF HOW MUCH IT COSTS TO USE THIS SYSTEM MUST BE CONSIDERED. FULLY DEFINITIVE FIGURES WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE FOR SEVERAL MONTHS. HOWEVER, PRELIMINARY INDICATIONS ARE ENCOURAGING. IT COSTS PERHAPS FIFTY TO SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS TO HAVE A PAGE TYPED AT PRESENT. THE SAME PAGE CAN BE PRINTED IN TEN TO FIFTEEN SECONDS UNDER THIS SYSTEM. AT COMMERCIAL 1401 SERVICE BUREAU RATES OF FIFTY DOLLARS AN HOUR, THIS COMES TO APPROXIMATELY EIGHTEEN CENTS. IN BOTH CASES THE FIRST DRAFT MUST BE MANUALLY TYPED (OR KEYPUNCHED), SO THAT PART COMES OUT EVEN. A KEY PUNCH RENTS FOR SIXTY-FIVE DOLLARS PER MONTH WHICH IS GREATER THAN TYPEWRITER RENTAL RATES. I ASSUME THIS WILL BE MORE THAN OFFSET BY THE REDUCED TYPING NEEDS, I.E., ONLY CHANGES AND ADDITIONS NEED BE TYPED, ETC. PRESENTLY IT MAY TAKE TWO WEEKS TO GET A HUNDRED-PAGE DRAFT RETYPED. DURING THIS TIME THE AUTHOR-ANALYST UNDER THE AUTOMATED SYSTEM, THE NEW DRAFT PUST COOL HIS HEELS. SHOULD BE READY IN LESS THAN A DAY. IT IS HARD TO ASS SAVING TO THAT BUT I FEEL IT IS OF CONSIDERABLE WORTH. IT IS HARD TO ASSIGN A CASH

THE AUTHOR PERSONALLY DID THE KEYPUNCHING FOR THIS DOCUMENT. ONE OF THE REVIEWERS OF AN EARLIER VERSION OF THIS DOCUMENT FELT THAT AN ORDINARY TYPIST, WITHOUT EXTENSIVE TRAINING IN THE USE OF THIS SYSTEM AND OF THE KEY PUNCH, MIGHT BE SLOW IN PUNCHING THE INITIAL DECK OF CARDS FOR A DOCUMENT. DURING THE REVIEW PERIOD, I

WAS FORTUNATE ENOUGH TO OBTAIN THE SERVICES OF A TYPIST. SHE WAS NOT A KEY-PUNCH OPERATOR NOR, OF COURSE, DID SHE KNOW THIS SYSTEM. AFTER A HALF-HOUR LECTURE ON BOTH THE USE OF THE KEY PUNCH AND THE USE OF THE SYSTEM SHE WENT TO WORK ON HER FIRST DOCUMENT. NATURALLY SHE MADE MORE ERRORS THE FIRST TIME THAN ON SUBSEQUENT DOCUMENTS, BUT THE RESULTS WERE QUITE GOOD. SHE HAS PRODUCED SEVERAL COMPLICATED TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS SO FAR (INCLUDING CORRECTIONS REQUIRED BY THE AUTHORS). I AM HAPPY TO REPORT THAT THE TIME TAKEN TO PUNCH THE INITIAL DECK IS THE SAME AS THE TIME THAT WOULD BE NEEDED TO TYPE THE MATERIAL ON PAPER USING A TYPEWRITER.

CONCLUSIONS, RECOMMENDATIONS AND SUMMARY

DOUBTLESS THE READER, ON FIRST READING THIS DOCUMENT, IS LOST AMONG A WELTER OF DETAILS. THEREFORE, I SHOULD LIKE TO EMPHASIZE WHAT THE IMPORTANT PARTS OF THIS ORIGINAL DEVELOPMENT COMPRISE.

THE CCMPUTER-READABLE DOCUMENT AS STORED IS UNFORMATTED.

THIS UNFORMATTED DOCUMENT CONSISTING OF AN ADMIXTURE OF TEXT AND ENGLISH-LIKE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS IS WHAT IS CORRECTED. THE PRINTING, OR 'ASSEMBLING', OF THE FORMATTED DOCUMENT CAN OCCUR ONLY WHEN IT IS BROUGHT TOGETHER WITH THE DOCUMENT MACHINE COMPUTER PROGRAM. THE CORRECTION TECHNIQUE USES THE DUPLICATING FEATURE OF THE UBIQUITOUS MODERN KEY PUNCH. BY TAKING ADVANTAGE OF THE UNIQUE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS, THE LOGIC OF THE PROCESSING COMPUTER PROGRAM, AND THE KEY-PUNCH FEATURES, IT BECOMES POSSIBLE TO ACCOMPLISH THE EQUIVALENT OF WHAT ACTUALLY IS IMPOSSIBLE, E.G., TO INSERT MATERIAL BETWEEN ADJACENT CARD COLUMNS.

AN ATTEMPT TO STORE A FORMATTED DOCUMENT -- WITH COMPOSED, DISTINCT LINES AND PAGES -- WILL MEET WITH FAILURE BECAUSE OF THE EXTREME DIFFICULTY INVOLVED IN MAKING CORRECTIONS.

WHEN I FIRST ATTACKED THE PROBLEM (EARLY OCTOBER 1964) I ATTEMPTED TO DESIGN A SYSTEM IN WHICH THE FORMATTED DOCUMENT WOULD BE STORED ON MAGNETIC TAPE. ON BEING DULY IMPRESSED BY THE MAGNITUDE OF THE PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN MODIFYING THE STORED DOCUMENT, I HAPPILY HIT UPON THE ABOVE IDEAS. NOT ONLY WAS THE PROBLEM OF MODIFICATION SOLVED, BUT THE EXTRA COMPUTER RUN INVOLVED IN CORRECTING AND COPYING THE TAPE WAS ELIMINATED. I QUICKLY WROTE THE TWO PROGRAMS PLACING THEM INTO SERVICE TO PRODUCE THIS DOCUMENT DESCRIBING THE SYSTEM. THE ENTIRE BODY OF THE DOCUMENT (FROM PAGE 0001 DN), INCLUDING ALL THE FIGURES AND

APPENDICES, WAS SO PRODUCED. WHEN THE COMPUTER CODE (APPENDICES C AND D) IS PRINTED, THE CARDS ARE ALSO PUNCHED READY FOR 1401 AUTOCODER ASSEMBLY. NO ATTEMPT WAS MADE DURING THIS SHORT TIME TO POLISM THE CODE, WHICH IS PROBABLY SOMEWHAT INEFFICIENT DUE TO MY LACK OF EXPERIENCE ON THE PARTICULAR COMPUTER (USUALLY REGARDED AS A PERIPHERAL SLAVE TO A LAKGE COMPUTER).

AS NEAR AS I CAN DETERMINE, NO ONE ELSE IS USING SUCH A SYSTEM. THE COMPUTER MANUFACTURER, (INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION), IN A BROCHURE DESCRIBING THE OPTIONAL LOWER-CASE/SPECIAL-CHARACTERS PRINTER CHAIN, INDICATES THIS FEATURE IS USEFUL FOR FORM LETTERS. OF COURSE, THIS MOULD INDICATE THAT THE LINE AND PAGE COMPOSITION WOULD BE DONE ELSEWHERE -- PROBABLY BY THE TYPIST. THAT SAME BROCHURE POINTS OUT THAT THE REGULAR, UPPER-CASE, PRINT CHAIN CAN BE QUICKLY REMOUNTED ON THE PRINTER FOR REGULAR DATA PROCESSING APPLICATIONS. OF COURSE, I CONTEND (AND THE VERY EXISTENCE OF THIS DOCUMENT PROVES) THAT THE COMPOSING AND PRINTING OF DOCUMENTS IS A REGULAR DATA PROCESSING APPLICATION. MY UNDERSTANDING IS THAT ANY COMPUTER-PRODUCED COMPOSING PRECEDING THE PRINTING ON THE SPECIAL UPPER/LOWER CASE 1401 IS DONE ON THE LARGE, EXPENSIVE COMPUTERS SUCH AS THE 7080 OR 7090.

THE PRESENT SYSTEM WAS DESIGNED WITH RAC'S CURRENT EQUIPMENT IN MIND. CUR 1401 DOES NOT HAVE THE OPTIONAL LOWER-CASE PRINTING CHAIN. IN ORDER NOT TO REQUIRE TOO MUCH COMPUTER TIME, ALBEIT INEXPENSIVE TIME, THE DESIGN INCLUDES USE OF EAM EQUIPMENT AND MANY MANUAL OPERATIONS. SINCE OUR EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT RETYPES ALL FINAL TYPEWRITTEN DRAFTS SUBMITTED FOR EXTERNAL PUBLICATION, THE FACT THAT THE UPPER-CASE 1401-PRODUCED DOCUMENT MUST BE RETYPED IS NO DISADVANTAGE. THE PEOPLE WORKING WITH THE DRAFTS PRODUCED BY THIS SYSTEM MUST GET USED TO THE ABSENCE OF LOWER-CASE. (AT LEAST UNTIL, AND UNLESS, WE GET LOWER-CASE PRINTING CAPABILITY.) IT WAS IN ORDER TO DELIBERATELY DISPLAY THE SYSTEM WAS NOT RETYPED. INSTEAD, THE MULTILITH MASTERS WERE MADE DIRECTLY ON THE 1401 COMPUTER. BECAUSE THE EXISTING DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM SEQUENTIALLY NUMBERS PAGES STARTING WITH '0001', THE TITLE PAGE, LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS, TABLE OF CONTENTS, ETC.., ALL OF WHICH ARE NUMBERED WITH ROMAN NUMBERLS, WERE PREPARED IN THE STANDARD MANNER BY THE EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

I VISUALIZE AN EDITING DEPARTMENT WITH ITS OWN SMALL COMPUTER (CAPABLE OF PRINTING BOTH CASES AS WELL AS A REASONABLE SELECTION OF SPECIAL SYMBOLS), A SET OF KEY PUNCHES AND A FEW PIECES OF EAM EQUIPMENT. THE EDITING DEPARTMENT'S TYPING POUL OF GOOD, PANUSCRIPT TYPISTS WILL MAN THE KEY PUNCHES, PRODUCING THE MACHINE-READABLE FIRST DRAFT FOR ALL LARGE TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS OF THE FIRM OR DEPARTMENT IT SERVES. WHEN A DOCUMENT IS ADJUDGED COMPLETE BY ITS AUTHOR AND THE VARIOUS APPROVAL AUTHORITIES, IT IS

ONCE AGAIN RUN OFF ON THE SMALL COMPUTER -- THIS TIME ON CONTINUOUS-FORM MULTILITH MASTERS, READY FOR THE PRESSES.

I REGARD THE VERY EXISTENCE OF THIS LARGE, COMPREHENSIVE PAPER ON A DETA!LED TECHNICAL SYSTEM -- PRINTED THO HEEKS AFTER SYSTEM DESIGN -- AS PROOF OF THE EFFICACY OF THIS (PROTOTYPE) SYSTEM. I RECOMMEND, HOWEVER, A SIX-MONTH TRIAL UTILIZING ONE TYPIST AND ONE KEY-PUNCH MACHINE NOT TO PROVE THE SYSTEM BUT TO IMPROVE IT. WE WOULD FIND WHAT ADDITIONAL FEATURES TO ADD, WHETHER ANY PRESENT FEATURES MIGHT BE DELETED, WHAT THE THROUGHPUT RATE PER TYPIST IS, WHAT THE COST ACTUALLY IS, ETC. A STYLE GUIDE WOULD BE WRITTEN DURING THIS PERIOD OF TIME. THE APPEARANCE AND READABILITY OF EVEN AN UPPER-CASE-ONLY DOCUMENT COULD PROBABLY BE GREATLY IMPROVED BY JUDICIOUS USE OF PROPER HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL SPACING, UNDERLINING BY VARIOUS CHARACTERS, E.G., PERIODS, ASTERISKS, PLUS SIGNS, ETC. SUCH INFORMATION DERIVED DURING THE TRIAL WOULD BE CONTAINED IN THE STYLE GUIDE.

WE IN THE PROGRAMMING FIELD HAVE LONG ENJOYED THE ABILITY TO REVISE OUR PROGRAM DECKS BY MOVING CARDS ABOUT, EY CORRECTING PISSPELLINGS THROUGH THE DUPLICATING FEATURE OF THE KEYPUNCH. SIGNIFICANTLY, ONE OF THE PHENOMENA OF THE COMPUTER AGE HAS BEEN THE LAG BETWEEN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND ADEQUATE DOCUMENTATION THEREOF. I BELIEVE THE SYSTEM I AM CFFERING IS A BREAKTHROUGH THAT WILL ENABLE US TO KEEP PACE WITH THE EXPLODING TECHNOLOGICAL PROGRESS OF OUR TIME.

APPENDIX A

CARD AND DECK FORMATS

DOCUMENT CARDS HAVE TEXT AND EDITING INSTRUCTIONS IN COLUMNS 1-72 INCLUSIVE. COLUMNS 73-80 ARE IGNORED BY BOTH PROCESSING PROGRAMS (ALTHOUGH SQUEEZE PUNCHES IDENTIFICATION AND SEQUENCING IN THESE CCLUMNS). WHEN KEYPUNCHING THE DOCUMENT A DRUM CARD THAT SKIPS OUT (EJECTS THE CARD) ON COLUMN 73 IS USED. IT IS ALSO CONVENIENT TO HAVE A FIELD STARTING IN COLUMN 69 (LEAVING JUST ENOUGH ROOM FOR THE CARD TO END WITH 'OKO').

FOR PRINTING THE DOCUMENT THE DECK IS MADE UP OF THREE PARTS. FIRST, THERE IS THE SELF-LOADING OBJECT DECK OF THE DOCUMENT MACHINE PROGRAM. IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE OBJECT DECK IS A CONTROL CARD. THIS CARD IS IDENTIFIABLE ONLY BY POSITION (I.E., IT IS THE FIRST DATA CARD). IT CONTAINS NO TEXT OR EDITING INSTRUCTIONS BUT DOES CONTAIN, IN FIXED FIELDS, THE PAGE HEADING (COLUMNS 1-50) AND THE CLASSIFICATION (COLUMNS 51-70). THESE FIELDS MAY CONTAIN ANY LEGAL CHARACTERS (INCLUDING ONE OR BOTH BEING LEFT BLANK). THE NEXT CARD BEGINS THE DOCUMENT DECK. THE COCUMENT MACHINE WILL READ UNTIL IT REACHES THE FIRST "** **END**DOC*** EDITING INSTRUCTION. IT IS CONVENIENT TO MAYE THIS INSTRUCTION ON A CARD BY ITSELF AT THE END OF THE DOCUMENT DECK SO THAT SPLITTING OF THE LAST CARD WILL NOT BE REQUIRED TO ADD MATERIAL AT THE END CF THE DOCUMENT.

FCR SQUEEZING (AND SEQUENCING) THE DOCUMENT DECK, THE DECK TO BE LOADED IS ALSO MADE UP OF THREE PARTS. FIRST, THERE IS THE SELF-LCADING CONJECT DECK OF THE SQUEFZE PROGRAM. IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE OBJECT DECK IS A CONTROL CARD. THIS CARD, IDENTIFIABLE BY POSITION ONLY, IS THE FIRST DATA CARD. IT CONTAINS NO TEXT OR EDITING INSTRUCTIONS BUT DOES CONTAIN, IN A FIXED FIELD (COLUMNS 73-75), THE THREE-CHARACTER IDENTIFIER STRING WHICH SQUEEZE PUNCHES IN THE SAME COLUMNS OF EACH CARD OF THE CUTPUT DECK. THE NEXT CARD BEGINS THE DOCUMENT DECK. READING CONTINUES LHTIL THE FIRST "BEND-DOCO" EDITING INSTRUCTION IS REACHED.

THE DECK PUNCHED BY THE SQUEEZE PROGRAM BEGINS WITH A COPY (COLUMNS 1-75 ONLY) OF THE CONTROL CARD. THIS IS DONE SO THAT THE

NEW DECK CAN BE USED AS INPUT TO THE DOCUMENT MACHINE WITHOUT HAVING TO REMEMBER TO PUT IN A NEW CONTOL CARD. HENCE THE CONTROL CARDS FOR BOTH PROGRAMS CAN BE COMBINED INTO ONE CONTAINING HEADING, CLASSIFICATION, AND IDENTIFICATION. AFTER THE CONTROL CARD IS PUNCHED, THE COMPRESSED DOCUMENT DECK, CONTAINING THE DOCUMENT IN COLUMNS 1-72, THE IDENTIFIER IN 73-75 AND THE SEQUENCE NUMBERS IN 76-80, IS PUNCHED. THE DECK IS ENDED BY FOUR CARDS CONTAINING THE END-DOCUMENT EDITING INSTRUCTION.

APPENDIX B

DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS OF THE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS

IN THIS APPENDIX I SHALL USE THE STRING OF EXACTLY N 'V'S, E.G., 'V' CR 'VVV', AS A SYNTACTICAL VARIABLE WHOSE RANGE CONSISTS OF STRINGS OF EXACTLY N CHARACTERS FURTHER LIMITED FOR EACH EDITING INSTRUCTION AS SPECIFIED UNDER THAT INSTRUCTION'S 'RANGE OF PARAMETERS' ENTRY. EACH INSTRUCTION TYPE APPEARS BELOW ON A PAGE BY ITSELF. ALONG WITH THE FORMAT OF THE INSTRUCTION IS SHOWN THE RANGE OF PARAMETERS (FOR THOSE INSTRUCTIONS THAT HAVE ANY), THE INITIAL SETTING OF PARAMETERS (WHERE MEANINGFUL) AND THE ACTION TAKEN BY THE PROGRAM UPON ENCOUNTERING THAT INSTRUCTION.

VOID

OK

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

WHEN **VOID** IS ENCOUNTERED BY THE SCANNING PROGRAM, THE COLUMNS AND CARDS TO THE RIGHT ARE SCANNED FOR THE FIRST CCCURRENCE OF **OK**. DURING THIS MODE OF SCANNING OPERATION NO EDITING INSTRUCTION OTHER THAN **OK** IS RECOGNIZED. TEXT OF THE DOCUMENT BEING PROCESSED MAY BE INTERRUPTED AT ANY POINT BY A **VOID**...**OK** SEQUENCE OF CARD COLUMNS. THE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE **VOID** IS TREATED AS IF IT IMMEDIATELY PRECEDED THE CHARACTER FOLLOWING THE **OK**. HOWEVER, EDITING INSTRUCTIONS WILL NOT BE RECOGNIZED IF THEY ARE SPLIT BY A VOIDED AREA.

SPEC

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

IN THE PLACE OF THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION THE PROGRAM PRINTS A SINGLE SPACE. HOWEVER, IT IS CONSIDERED NOT TO BE A SPACE FOR THE PURPOSES OF WORD SECMENTATION. THE NUMBER OF SPECIALS APPEARING ON THIS LINE TOGETHER WITH THE LINE AND PAGE NUMBERS ARE STORED ON TAPE UNIT 2. AFTER THE END OF THE DOCUMENT A REMINDER LIST IS PRINTED SO THAT ALL SPECIAL CHARACTERS CAN BE FILLED IN WITHOUT OVERLOOKING ANY.

.SKIP.V.

RANGE OF PARAMETERS

'V' MAY BE ANY OF THE TEN DIGITS 'O' THROUGH '9'.

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

THE CURRENT WORD OR SET OF SPACES BEING ASSEMBLED (IF ANY) IS TERMINATED AND SENT TO THE PRINTER LINE. THIS MAY RESULT IN THE LINE BEING PRINTED AND THE CURRENT WORD (IF ANY) STARTING THE NEXT LINE. THE LINE BEING PRINTED MAY, IN TURN, CAUSE THIS PAGE TO BE TERMINATED. THEN, THE (NOW) CURRENT LINE IS PRINTED. AFTER THAT THE NUMBER V IS STORED TO BE READ BY THE PRINT SUBROUTINE WHEN THE NEXT PRINTING OCCURS. BEFORE THAT NEXT LINE IS PRINTED V LINES ARE SKIPPED UNLESS THAT WOULD CAUSE THAT LINE TO FALL BELOW THE LIMIT SET BY THE MOST RECENTLY EXECUTED PAGE-SIZE INSTRUCTION. IN THE LATTER CASE THE LINE MERELY STARTS A NEW PAGE REGARDLESS OF HOW MANY LINES WERE TO BE SKIPPED.

*TAB*V*

RANGE OF PARAMETERS

'V' MAY BE ANY OF THE TWENTY-SIX LETTERS 'A' THROUGH

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

THE CURRENT WORD OR SET OF SPACES BEING ASSEMBLED (IF ANY) IS TERMINATED AND SENT TO THE PRINTER LINE. THIS MAY RESULT IN THE LINE BEING PRINTED AND THE CURRENT WORD (IF ANY) STARTING THE NEXT LINE. THE LINE BEING PRINTED MAY, IN TURN, CAUSE THIS PAGE TO BE TERMINATED. THEN, IF THE POINTER WHICH INDICATES THE NEXT PRINT POSITION IS PAST (TO THE RIGHT OF) THE CURRENT VALUE OF TAB STOP 'V' THE PRINT LINE IS PRINTED. FINALLY, THE PRINT LINE POINTER IS SET TO THE CURRENT VALUE OF TAB 'V'.

PARA

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

THE CURRENT WORD OR SET OF SPACES BEING ASSEMBLED (IF ANY) IS TERMINATED AND SENT TO THE PRINTER LINE. THIS MAY RESULT IN THE LINE BEING PRINTED AND THE CURRENT WORD (IF ANY) STARTING THE NEXT LINE. THE LINE BEING PRINTED MAY, IN TURN, CAUSE THIS PAGE TO BE TERMINATED. THEN, THE (NOW) CURRENT LINE IS PRINTED. AFTER THAT THE NUMBER 1 IS STORED TO BE READ BY THE PRINT SUBROUTINE. UNLESS AT THE BOTTOM OF A PAGE THIS WILL HAVE THE EFFECT OF SKIPPING A LINE. THEN THE NEXT LINE TO BE PRINTED WILL START, INDENTED TO THE CURRENT VALUE OF ONE OF THE TAB STOPS. THE TAB STOP USED IS DETERMINED BY THE MOST RECENT "*START*PARA*V*" INSTRUCTION. TAB STOP B IS USED IF NO SUCH SETTING INSTRUCTIONS HAVE PRECEDED.

*NEW*PAGE*

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

THE CURRENT WORD OR SET OF SPACES BEING ASSEMBLED (IF ANY) IS TERMINATED AND SENT TO THE PRINTER LINE. THIS MAY RESULT IN THE LINE BEING PRINTED AND THE CURRENT WORD (IF ANY) STARTING THE NEXT LINE. THE LINE BEING PRINTED MAY, IN TURN, CAUSE THIS PAGE TO BE TERMINATED. THEN, THE (NOW) CURRENT LINE IS PRINTED WHICH MAY RESULT IN GOING TO A NEW PAGE. THEN, THE PAPER IS SKIPPED TO THE BOTTOM OF THE (NOW) CURRENT PAGE WHERE THE CLASSIFICATION IS PRINTED, SKIPPED TO THE TOP OF THE NEXT PAGE WHERE THE CLASSIFICATION IS REPEATED, THE HEADING IS PRINTED THO LINES BELOW THE CLASSIFICATION, AND FINALLY, A SKIP OF TWO MORE LINES OCCURS TO BRING US TO THE FIRST BODY LINE OF THE NEXT PAGE.

+SET+V+VVV+

RANGE OF PARAMETERS

'V' MAY BE ANY OF THE TWENTY-SIX LETTERS 'A' THROUGH 'Z'. 'VVV' IS A THREE-DIGIT NUMBER FROM 'OC1' THROUGH '131'.

INITIAL SETTING OF PARAMETERS

TAB STOP A SET TO OOL, TAB STOP N SET TO 066. В 006 071 0 076 011 016 Q 180 086 091 E 021 R 026 096 G 031 н 036 101 I 041 106 045 111 K 051 116 056 121 061

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

TAB STOP 'V' IS SET TO THE NEW VALUE VVV. THUS, SUBSEQUENT TAB-TO-'V' INSTRUCTIONS WILL CAUSE THE PRINT LINE POINTER TO BE SET TO VVV. IF THERE IS A WORD BEING ASSEMBLED, IT IS NOT INTERRUPTED BY THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION. THUS, A NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION WILL BE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWED BY THE NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION.

*LEFT *MARGIN*V*

RANGE OF PARAMETERS

"V" MAY BE ANY OF THE TWENTY-SIX LETTERS "A" THROUGH

INITIAL SETTING OF PARAMETERS

THE LEFT MARGIN IS SET TO TAB STOP A.

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

THE LEFT MARGIN IS SET TO TAB STOP 'V'. THIS MEANS THAT AFTER PRINTING, EACH NEW LINE STARTS AT THE (THEN) CURRENT VALUE OF TAB STOP 'V'. IF THERE IS A WORD BEING ASSEMBLED, IT IS NOT INTERRUPTED BY THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION. THUS, A NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION WILL BE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWED BY THE NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION.

•RIGHT•MARGIN•V•

RANGE OF PARAMETERS

"V" MAY BE ANY OF THE TWENTY-SIX LETTERS "A" THROUGH

INITIAL SETTING OF PARAMETERS

THE RIGHT MARGIN IS SET TO TAB STOP P.

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

THE RIGHT MARGIN IS SET TO TAB STOP 'V'. THIS MEANS THAT ANY WORD LATER ADDED TO THE PRINT LINE BEING FORMED THAT WOULD BRING THE LINE OUT BEYOND THE (THEN) CURRENT VALUE OF TAB STOP 'V' TERMINATES THAT LINE (WITH THE TERMINATING WORD STARTING THE NEW LINE). IF THERE IS A WORD BEING ASSEMBLED, IT IS NOT INTERRUPTED BY THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION. THUS, A NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION WILL BE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWED BY THE NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY

.START-PARA-V.

RANGE OF PARAMETERS

'V' MAY BE ANY OF THE TWENTY-SIX LETTERS 'A' THROUGH

INITIAL SETTING OF PARAMETERS

PARAGRAPHS INITIALLY START AT TAB STOP B.

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

IF THERE IS A WORD BEING ASSEMBLED, IT IS NOT INTERRUPTED BY THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION. THUS, A NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION WILL BE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWED BY THE NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION. WHEN SUBSEQUENT '*PARA** INSTRUCTIONS ARE ENCOUNTERED, THE NEW PARAGRAPH WILL START AT THE (THEN) CURRENT VALUE OF TAB STOP 'V*.

*PUNCH*V*

RANGE OF PARAMETERS

"V" MAY BE ANY OF THE TWENTY-SIX LETTERS "A" THROUGH "Z".

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

THE PRINT SUBROUTINE IS SET TO PUNCH THE PRINT LINE FROM THE VALUE (AT THE TIME OF PRINTING) OF TAB STOP 'V' FOR EIGHTY CHARACTERS. SHOULD TAB STOP 'V' BE SET SUCH THAT EIGHTY CHARACTERS WOULD GO BEYOND THE RIGHT END OF THE 131-CHARACTER PRINT LINE, NO CARD IS PUNCHED. IF THERE IS A WORD BEING ASSEMBLED, IT IS NOT INTERRUPTED BY THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION. THUS, A NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION WILL BE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWED BY THE NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION.

*PAGE*SIZE*VVV*

RANGE OF PARAMETERS

"VVV" MAY BE ANY THREE-DIGIT NUMBER FROM '001' THROUGH

INITIAL SETTING OF PARAMETERS

'VVV' IS SET TO '050'.

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

IF THERE IS A WORD BEING ASSEMBLED, IT IS NOT INTERRUPTED BY THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION. THUS, A NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION WILL BE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWED BY THE NON-SPACE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THIS EDITING INSTRUCTION. VYV IS STORED FOR SUBSEQUENT SCANNING BY THE PRINT SUBROUTINE AS THE NEW NUMBER OF (BODY) LINES PER PAGE ALLOWED.

*END*DOC*

ACTION TAKEN BY PROGRAM

THE CURRENT WORD OR SET OF SPACES BEING ASSEMBLED (IF ANY) IS TERMINATED AND SENT TO THE PRINTER LINE. THIS MAY RESULT IN THE LINE BEING PRINTED AND THE CURRENT WORD (IF ANY) STARTING THE NEXT LINE. THE LINE BEING PRINTED MAY, IN TURN, CAUSE THIS PAGE TO BE TERMINATED. THEN, THE REMAINING LINE IS PRINTED. ON A NEW PAGE THE REMINDER LIST IS PRINTED. THE COMPUTER PROGRAM THEN HALTS. NOTHING FURTHER IS SCANNED. OBVIOUSLY, THIS COMMAND CAN APPEAR ONLY ONCE IN A DOCUMENT. AND IT MUST APPEAR IN ORDER TO TERMINATE THE PROCEDURE.

APPENDIX C

THE DOCUMENT MACHINE -- CODED IN 1401 AUTOCODER

LABEL	OP	OPERAND		
	J08	R A MAGNUSON	DOCUMENT	MACHINE
	CTL	335		
	ORG	87		
XR1	DCW	.071		
	DC	=2		
XR2	DCM	*000*		
	DC	= 2		
XR3	DCW	·000·		
	ORG	101		
	DA	1 X 8 0		
	ORG	333		
HEDING	DCW	=50		
CLASSI	DCW	=20		
PREV	DCW	121		
PAGLIR	DCW	10501		

WD ADDS 1 TO XR2, WHICH COUNTS THE NUMBER OF CHARACTERS IN THE CURRENT WORD BEING ASSEMBLED. THEN IT MOVES CHAR INTO THE NEXT POSITION OF WORD, THE AREA WHERE THE WORD IS ASSEMBLED. THEN PREV IS SET TO 1 IN ORDER TO REPEMBER THAT A WORD IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING ASSEMBLED. CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

WD SBR XR2,1+X2 MCW CHAR,WORD-1+X2 MCW '1',PREV

GN GETS THE NEXT CHARACTER. IF THAT NEXT CHARACTER IS AN ASTERISK, CONTROL IS TRANSFERRED TO GNI IN CASE THIS IS THE START OF AN EDITING INSTRUCTION. IF THE NEXT CHARACTER DOES NOT REGIN AN EDITING INSTRUCTION, ASTERISK OR NOT, IT IS MOVED TO CHAR, THEN GN4 IS EXECUTED IN ORCER TO MOVE THE NEXT-CHARACTER POINTER, XRI, OVER TO THE NEXT ONE VET. AFTER THAT, CONTROL IS GIVEN TO EITHER SP (IF CHAR IS A SPACE) OR TO WE (IF CHAR IS NOT A SPACE).

GN BCE GN1.CARD+X1.*

MCH CARD+X1.CHAR

B GN4

BCE SP.CHAR,

B WD

GNI LOOKS TO SEE IF THE STRING OF THE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS. IF SO, CONTROL IS SENT TO THE APPROPRIATE EDITING INSTRUCTION SUBROUTINE. IF NOT, CONTROL GOES BACK WITHIN GN (TO GNZ).

GN1 CARD+5+X1. 'VOID+ 8€ 010V CARD+5+X1, *SPEC+* BE SPEC CARD+5+X1, SKIP+ SKIP CARD+4+X1, *TAB+* BE TAB CARD+5+X1, *PARA+* C BE C CARD+9+X1, NEW+PAGE+ BE PAGE C CARD+4+X1, *SET .. 85 SETTAB CARD+12+X1, LEFT+MARGIN+ C ₿Ę SETRET CARD+13+X1, RIGHT MARGINO 8E LINSIZ CARD+11+X1, START-PARA++ 86 SETPAR CARD+10+X1, PAGE+SIZE+ 86 PAGSIZ CARD+6+X1, PUNCH+ BE PUNEXT CARD+8+X1, "END+DOC+" 8F ENDOGC 8 GN2

VOID STAYS IN A TIGHT LOOP, IF THAT NEXT CHARACTER BEGINS THE STRING, 'OCKO'. WHEN THE FIRST 'OCKO' HAS BEEN FOUND, THE NEXT-CHARACTER POINTER IS ADJUSTED TO THE CHARACTER IMPEDIATELY TO THE RIGHT OF THE 'OCKO'. CONTROL IS THEN SENT TO GN.

VOID SBR XR1,5+X1 GN3 B GN4 C CARD+3+X1, **OK**
BU GN3
SBR XR1,3+X1
B GN4

B GN

GN4 ADDS 1 TO XR1, THE NEXT CHARACTER FOINTER. IF XR1 IS THEN WITHIN THE 72 CHARACTERS CORRESPONDING TO THE 72 COLUMNS OF A DOCUMENT CARD, CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE INSTRUCTION AFTER THE CALLER. IF XR1 POINTS TO A CHARACTER BEYOND THE 72, THE 72 CHARACTERS FROM THE LAST CARD READ ARE MOVED TO CARD THROUGH CARD+71. THEN A NEW CARD IS READ. THE FIRST 20 CHARACTERS OF THIS CARD ARE MOVED TO CARD+72 THROUGH CARD+91. THIS LAST AREA IS CALLED "NEXT" AND IS USED SO THAT THE SCAN FOR AN EDITING INSTRUCTION STRING CAN BE CARRIED OUT BEYOND THE RIGHT END OF THE 72 CHARACTERS. XR1 HAS 72 SUBTRACTED FROM IT SO IT WILL POINT CORRECTLY TO THE NEXT CHARACTER IN CARD. CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE NEXT INSTRUCTION AFTER THE CALLER.

GN4 SBR GN5+3 SBR XR1.1+X1 10721,XR1 GN5 BL '072',XR1 S ΜZ --4,XR1 72,CARD+71 MCM MCW 20.NEXT+19 GN5 B 1X92 DA CARD NEXT EQU CARD+72 CHAR DA 1X1

SP EXECUTES ENDWO JUST IN CASE PREV = 1, i.e., WHEN THE LAST CHARACTER BEFORE THE PRESENT SPACE WAS NOT A SPACE. THEN THE PRINT LINE POINTER, XR3, IS ADVANCED BY 1. CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

SP BCE ENOWC,PREV,1 SBR XR3,1+X3 MCW '2',PREV B GN

ENOND DETERMINES WHETHER THE WORD THAT HAS JUST BEEN ASSEMBLED WILL FIT ON THE PRINT LINE. I.E., WITHOUT EXTENDING BEYOND THE PRESENT RIGHT MARGIN. PRINT IS EXECUTED JUST IN CASE THE WORD DOES NOT FIT. THE WORD IS MOVED TO THE PRINT LINE TO THE RIGHT OF WHERE XR3. THE PRINT-LINE POINTER, WAS SET AFTER THE POSSIBLE PRINTING. WREN

('WORD REMINDER'), A COUNTER INDICATING HOW MANY SPECIALS THERE ARE IN THIS WORD, IS ADDED TO LREM ('LINE REMINDER'), A COUNTER INDICATING HOW MANY SPECIALS THERE ARE ON THIS LINE. XR3 IS ADJUSTED TO POINT TO THE RIGHT-MOST CHARACTER OF THE WORD JUST PLACED ON THE PRINT LINE. WREM IS SET TO ZERO AND PREV IS SET TO 2 TO INDICATE THAT NO WORD IS IN PROCESS OF BEING ASSEMBLED. XR2, WHICH COUNTS THE NUMBER OF CHARACTERS IN THE CURRENT WORD, IS SET TO ZERO. CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE NEXT INSTRUCTION AFTER THE CALLER.

SBR	WDXIT+3
A	XR2.XR3
C	TABA+45,XR3
BH	EW1
8	EMS
8	PRINT
A	XR2,XR3
MCW	WORD-1+X2,200+X3
SBR	XR2.0
A	WREM, LREM
MCW	'000', WREM
MCW	'2',PREV
B	0
	A C BH B B A MCW SBR A MCW MCW

SPEC MOVES A SPACE INTO CHAR, ADDS 1 TO WREM AND ADJUSTS XR1 TO POINT TO THE NEXT CHARACTER IN CARD. CONTROL PASSES TO MD.

SPEC	MCW	CHAR
	SBR	XR1,5+X1
	A	'L', WREP
	8	GN4
	ð	MD
WREM	OCM	.000
LREP	DCW	.000
LNR	DCW	*100*
PNR	DCM	.0000
	DCW	• •

SKIP CHECKS WHETHER THIS STRING
1S A VALID SKIP EDITING INSTRUCTION. (IT CHECKS FOR THE 3RD
ASTERISK IN THE RIGHT SPOT AND THAT THE NUMBER OF LINES TO BE
SKIPPED LIES BETWEEN O AND 9, INCL.) CONTROL GOES TO GMZ IF
THIS STRING IS NOT A VALID SKIP INSTRUCTION. ENDWO IS EXECUTED
JUST IN CASE PREV = 1. THEN PRINT IS EXECUTED. THIS DISPOSES
OF THE CURRENT MORD AND LINE. AFTER THAT, THE NUMBER OF LINES
TO BE SKIPPED (BEFORE PRINTING THE NEXT LINE) IS MOVED INTO
SKNR. XR1 IS ADJUSTED TO POINT TO THE NEXT CHARACTER IN CARD.
CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

```
SKIP BCE SK10, CARD+7+X1, **

B GN2

SK10 C CARD+6+X1, *0 **

BH GN2

BCE ENDWD, PREV, 1

B PRINT

MLNS CARD+6+X1, SKNR

SBR XR1, 7+X1

B GN4

B GN
```

TAB CHECKS WHETHER THIS STRING IS A VALID TAB ECITING INSTRUCTION. IF NOT, CONTROL IS SENT TO GN2. ENDWO IS EXECUTED JUST IN CASE A WORD WAS IN PROCESS OF BEING ASSEMBLED. THEN IT LOOKS TO SEE IF THE PRINT-LINE POINTER, XR3, IS PAST THE INDICATED TAB STOP. IF SO PRINT IS EXECUTED. THEN XR3 IS SET TO THE INDICATED TAB STOP. XR1 IS ADJUSTED AND CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

```
TAB
           BCE T1,CARD+6+X1,*
                GN2
           MCW
               CARD+5+X1,COMP
T1
                ATOZ
           MCW
                TABA-3+X3, TSTOP
                *1*,TSTOP
           MZ
                -- 4. TSTOP
               SAVXR3, XR3
           MCW
                ENOWC, PREV, 1
XR3, TSTOP
           BCE
           C
                T3
           BL
           8
                14
T3
T4
                PRINT
           8
           HCW
                TSTOP. XR3
           SRR
                XR1,6+X1
                GN4
                GN
                .001
TABA
           DÇM
           DCW
                .006
           DC W
                *011
           DC.W
                .016.
           DCM
                .051.
           DCW
                .056
           DC W
                .031
           DCM
                10361
                .041
                .046
           DCM
                .051
           DCW
           DCM
                *056*
                .041.
           DC W
           DCM
                .064.
```

```
DCW
             .071
              10761
         DCW
              '081'
          DCW
          DCW
              10861
          DCW
              10911
              10961
          DCW
          DCW
              '101'
              1061
          DCW
          DCW
              1111
          DCW
              116
          DCW
              11211
          DCW
              1261
TSTOP
```

ATOZ IS EXECUTED BY SEVERAL OF THE EDITING INSTRUCTION SUBROUTINES TO CHECK FOP A LETTER OF THE ALPHABET. COMP IS EXAMINED. IF COMP DOES NOT CONTAIN ANY OF THE 26 LETTERS, CONTROL PASSES TO GNZ. IF COMP CONTAINS THE K(TH) LETTER OF THE ALPHABET, XR3 IS SAVED IN SAVXR3 AND SET TO THREE TIMES K. CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE INSTRUCTION AFTER THE CALLER.

```
SBR AZXIT+3
C COMP. 'A'
ATOZ
           BH
                GN2
                COMP. . . .
           C
           BL
                AZ2
               '000' . AZ1
           MCM
                AZ4
AZ2
                COPP, 'J'
           BH
                GNZ
                COPP. 'R'
           C
                 AZ3
           MCW
                10271,AZ1
                AZ4
AZ3
                COMP. 'S'
                GN2
           C
                COMP. "Z"
           BL
                GN2
           MCW
                10511.AZI
           MCW XR3,SAYXR3
AZ4
           MENS COMP. AZS
           MCH AZS, XR3
                XR3
           Δ
                AZS,XR3
           A
                AZ1, XR3
           ٨
TIXSA
           B
                0
           DCM
                - 3
AZI
           DCM
AZS
                - 3
ERXVAZ
           DCM
                - 3
```

COMP DCW =1

PARA EXECUTES ENDWO JUST IN CASE A WGRO HAD BEEN FORMED, THEN, EXECUTES PRINT. A 1 IS MOVED INTO SKNR. THE CURRENT VALUE OF THE PARAGRAPH TAB STOP (DETERMINED BY THE LAST START-PARA EDITING INSTRUCTION EXECUTED) IS MOVED IN O XR3, THE PRINT-LINE POINTER. XR1 IS ADJUSTED. CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

PARA BCE ENOWD, PREV. 1 B PRINT HCW "1",SKNS PARA1 TABA+3, AR3 MCW '1',XH3 Ň۷ --4,XR3 SBR XR1,5+X1 GN4 8 8 GN

PAGE EXECUTES ENDWD JUST IN CASE A WORD HAD BEE'S FORMED. PRINT AND THEN HEAD ARE EXECUTED. THE PRINT LINE IS C'EARED. XR1 IS ADJUSTED AND CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

PAGE BCE ENCWC,PREV,1
B PRINT
B HEAD
CS 332
CS
SBR XR1,9+X1
B GN4
B GN

SETTAB DETERMINES WHETHER THIS STRING IS A VALID SET-FAB EDITING INSTRUCTION. IF NOT, CONTROL PASSES TO GN2. IF 30, THE INDICATED TAB STOP IS SET ACCORDING TO THE PARAMETER IN THE EDITING INSTRUCTION. XR1 IS ADJUSTED. CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

SETTAB BCE STI, CARD+6+XI, . GNZ 571 BCE ST2.CARD+1G+X1,+ GN2 STZ HCM CARD+9+X1, TSTOP 151CP. '001' 81 1510P. 131' GN? HCM CAPD+5+X1, COMP ATCZ

MCW TSTOP, TABA-3+X3
MCW SAVXR3, XR3
SBR XR1,10+X1
B GN4
R GN

ST4

SETRET DETERMINES WHETHER THIS STRING IS A VALID LEFT-MARGIN EDITING INSTRUCTION. IF NOT, CONTROL PASSES TO GN2. IF SO, A PARAMETER IN PRINT IS SET SO PRINT WILL USE THE NEW STOP AS THE LEFT MARGIN AFTER PRINTING. XR1 IS ADJUSTED AND CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

SETRET PCE SR1,CARD+14+X1,**
B GN2
SR1 MCW CARD+13+X1,COMP
B ATOZ
A STOPS,XR3
MCW XR3,P5+3
MCW XR3,P5+3
MCW SAVXR3,XR3
SBR XR1,14+X1
B ST4

LINSIZ DETERMINES WHETHER THIS STRING IS A VALID RIGHT-MARGIN EDITING INSTRUCTION. IF NOT, CONTROL PASSES TO GN2. IF SO, ENDWO HAS A PARAMETER WITHIN SET SO THAT IT CAN LOOK FOR THE NEW RIGHT MARGIN.

LINSIZ BCE LS1,CARD+15+X1,*

B GN2

LS1 MCW CARD+14+X1,COMP

B ATOZ

A STOPS,XR3

MCW XR3,EW3+3

MCW XR3,EW3+3

SBR XR1,15+X1

B ST4

SETPAR DETERMINES WHETHER THIS STRING IS A VALID SET-PARA EDITING INSTRUCTION. IF NOT, CONTROL PASSES TO GN2. IF SO, A PARAMETER WITHIN PARA IS SET SO PARA MAY USE THE NEW TAB STOP.

SETPAR BCE SP1,CARD+13+X1,*
B GN2
SP1 MCW CARD+12+X1,COMP
B ATOZ
A STOPS,XR3
MCW XR3,PARA1+3
MCW SAVXR3,XR3
SBR XR1,13+X1

STOPS B ST4 DCW +TABA-3

PAGSIZ DETERMINES WHETHER THIS STRING IS A VALID PAGE-SIZE EDITING INSTRUCTION. IF NOT, CONTROL IS PASSES TO GN2. IF SO, PAGLIM IS SET TO THE NEW LIPIT. XRI IS ADJUSTED AND CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

PAGSIZ BCE PS1,CARD+14+X1, = B GN2
PS1 C CARD+13+X1,*001*
BH GN2
C CARD+13+X1,*250*
BL GN2
MCH CARD+13+X1,PAGLIM
SBR XR1,14+X1
B CT4

PUNEXT DETERMINES WHETHER THIS STRING IS A VALID PUNCH EDITING INSTRUCTION. IF NOT, CONTROL PASSES TO GN2. IF SO, A PARAMETER WITHIN PUNCH IS SET SO PUNCH WILL KNOW WHAT TAB STOP TO PUNCH FROM. ALSO A SWITCH WITHIN PRINT IS SET SO THAT THE NEXT PRINT LINE CAN BE PUNCHED. XRI IS ADJUSTED AND CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

PUNEXT BCE PNX1, CARD+8+X1, *

R GN2

PNX1 MCH CARD+7+X1, COMP

B ATOZ

MCH XR3, FCH2

MCH SAYXR3, XR3

MCH +PUNCH, P6+3

SBR XR1, 8+X1

B ST4

ENDDOC EXECUTES ENDWD JUST IN CASE A WORD HAD BEEN FURMED. THEN PRINT IS EXECUTED. AN END SENTINEL IS WRITTEN ON TAPE 2 TO END THE LIST OF SPECIAL REMINDERS (IF ANY). TAPE 2 IS REWOUND. THE REMINDER LIST IS PRINTED, READING TAPE 2 UNTIL THE END SENTINEL IS ENCOUNTERED. TAPE 2 IS REWOUND. THE PROGRAM HALTS.

ENDDOC BCE ENDWC.PREV.1
B PRINT
WT 2.SENTRY
B MEAD
GS 332
GS
CC T
CC T
CCW *REMINDER LIST*.260

```
RWD 2
               332
          CS
          CS
               .
          MCW
                     SPECIALS ON LINE
                                          . PAGE
                                                      1,235
               2, LREM-2
EN1
          RT
          BCE EN2, LREM-2, Z
          MCW
               LREM, 203
          MCW
               LNR, 224
          MCH
               PNR, 235
                EN1
EN2
          CS
               332
          MCW 'END REMINDER LIST', 260
          RWD
              2
HALT
               HALT
SENTRY
          DCW
                121
          DCW
```

PRINT ADDS SKNR, THE SKIP
NUMBER, TO LNR, THE LINE NUMBER. IF LNR THEN EXCEEDS PAGLIM,
THE PAGE LIMIT, THE CURRENT PRINT LINE IS SAVED IN LINSAV.
THEN HEAD IS EXECUTED AND THE PRINT LINE IS RESTORED FROM
LINSAV. IF, ON THE OTHER HAND, LNR DOES NOT EXCEED PAGLIM, AS
MANY LINES ARE SKIPPED AS SKNR INDICATES. THEN, IN ANY EVENT,
SKNR IS SET TO ZERO AND 1 IS ADDED TO LNR. THE LINE IS
PRINTED. IF THE PUNCH SWITCH IS SO SET, PUNCH IS EXECUTED. IF
LREM, THE LINE REMINDER, IS NOT ZERO, INDICATING ONE OR MORE
SPECIALS ON THIS LINE, THE REMINDER IS WRITTEN ON TAPE 2.
LREM IS RESET TO ZERO. THE PRINT AREA IS CLEARED. XR3, THE
PRINT-LINE POINTER, IS SET TO THE PRESENT VALUE OF THE LEFT
MARGIN TAB STOP. CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE NEXT INSTRUCTION
AFTER THE CALLER.

```
PRINT
          SBR PRXIT+3
                SKNR, LNR
          С
                LNR.PAGLIM
          ВН
                PI
          MCW
                332,LINSAV+131
          В
                HEAD
          HCW
                LINSAV+131,332
          B
                '001', SKNR
P 1
           BL
                P2
                '1',SKNR
          MZ
                -- 4, SKNR
          CC
2
          MCW
                '000'.SKNR
```

'1',LNR P6 LREM, *000* P3 2.LREM-2 '000' , LREM Р3 CS 332 ĊS P5 TABA, XR3 '1',XR3 #-4,XR3 MZ PRXIT 0 В 1X132 LINSAV DA 10001 SKNR DCW

PUNCH DETERMINES WHETHER THERE ARE 80 CHARACTERS WITHIN THE PRINT AREA FROM THE CURRENT VALUE OF THE TAB STOP SET BY THE PUNCH EDITING INSTRUCTION LAST EXECUTED. IF NOT, CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE INSTRUCTION AFTER THE CALLER. IF THERE IS ENOUGH ROOM, THE 80 CHARACTERS ARE MOVED TO THE PUNCH AREA AND THE CAND IS PUNCHED. THE SWITCH IN PRINT THAT SENT CONTROL TO PUNCH IS RESET SO THAT ANOTHER PUNCH EDITING INSTRUCTION IS REQUIRED FOR ANOTHER EXECUTION OF PUNCH.

PUNCH MCW PCH2, XR3 +P7,P6+3 10791,PCH2 TABA-3+X3,PCH2 MCM MCW Α C '131', PCH2 P7 ВН *200*,PCH2 PCH2,PCH1+3 MCW PCH1 MCW 0,180 P7 DCW PCH₂ = 3

HEAD SETS LNR TO ZERO AND ADDS 1 TO PNR. THE PAGE NUMBER. THE PRINT AREA IS CLEARED. THE CLASSIFICATION IS MOVED INTO THE PRINT AREA. THE FORM IS SKIPPED TO CHANNEL 12, THE BOTTOM OF THE FORM. THE CLASSIFICATION OF THIS DOCUMENT IS PRINTED (AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE). THE FORM IS SKIPPED TO CHANNEL 1. THE CLASSIFICATION IS PRINTED (AT THE TOP OF THE NEXT PAGE). THE PRINT AREA IS CLEARED, THE PAGE HEADING IS MOVED INTO THE LINE ALONG WITH THE WORD 'PAGE' AND PNR, THE PAGE NUMBER. THE PAGE HEADING IS THEN PRINTED. CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE NEXT INSTRUCTION AFTER THE CALLER.

HEAD SBR HDXIT+3

```
MCW '000', LNR
                  11',PNR
332
            A
CS
            CS
MCW CLASSI, 250
            CC
                  A
            M
            CC
                  S
            CS
                  332
            CS
            MCW
                  HEDING, 265
            MCW 'PAGE',272
MCW PNR,277
            CC
HDXIT
            8
                  0
```

START READS THE FIRST DATA
CARD, BY DEFINITION, THE CONTROL CARD. THE PAGE HEADING IS
MOVED FROM COLUMNS 1 THROUGH 50 INTO HEDING. THE
CLASSIFICATION IS MOVED FROM COLUMNS 51 THROUGH 70 TO CLASSI.
THE FIRST DOCUMENT DECK CARD IS READ AND A WORD MARK IS PLACED
IN MEMORY POSITION 1. THEN GN4 IS EXECUTED. THIS ACCOMPLISHES
MOVING THE FIRST CARD TO CARD AND THE READING OF THE SECOND
CARD, ETC. (BECAUSE XR1 IS ORIGINALLY SET TO 72). TAPE 2 IS
REWOUND AND CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

```
START R
MCW 50, HEDING
MCW 70, CLASSI
R
SW 1
B GN4
B HEAD
CS 332
CS
RWD 2
B GN
LTORG+
WCRD DA 1x132
DCW =1
END START
```

APPENDIX D

SQUEEZE -- CODED IN 1401 AUTOCODER

LABEL	OP	OPERAND	
	JOB	R A MAGNUSON	SQUEEZE/SEQUENCE
	CTL	335	
	ORG	87	
XR1	DCW	'071'	
	DC	=2	
XR2	DCW	.000	
	ORG	101	
OUTPUT	DA	1X75	
COUNT	DCW	= 5	
CHAR	DA	1×1	

GN GETS THE NEXT CHARACTER. I THAT NEXT CHARACTER IS AN ASTERISK, CONTROL IS TRANSFERRED TO GN1 IN CASE THIS IS THE START OF AN EDITING INSTRUCTION. IF THE NEXT CHARACTER DOES NOT BEGIN AN EDITING INSTRUCTION, ASTERISK OR NOT, IT IS MOVED TO CHAR, THEN GN4 IS EXECUTED IN ORDER TO MOVE THE NEXT-CHARACTER POINTER, XRI, OVER TO THE NEXT DNE YET. AFTER THAT PUNCH IS EXECUTED. THEN CONTROL LOOPS AROUND TO GN.

BCE GN1.CARD+X1.*
MCW CARD+X1.CHAR GN GN2 GN4 8 PUNCH

GN

GNI LOOKS TO SEE IF THE STRING TO THE RIGHT OF THE ASTERISK UNDER CONSIDERATION IS ANY OF THE EDITING INSTRUCTIONS. IF SO, CONTROL IS SENT TO THE APPROPRIATE EDITING INSTRUCTION SUBROUTINE. IF NOT, CONTROL GOES BACK WITHIN GN (TO GN2).

GAI CARD+5+X1, 'VOID+'

86 DIOV

CARD+12+X1, 'END+SECTION+'

8€ ENDSEC C CARD+8+X1, "END+DOC+"

DOGGRB TE

B GN2

VOID STAYS IN A TIGHT LOOP, EXECUTING GN4 TO MOVE TO THE NEXT CHARACTER AND LOOKING TO SEE IF THAT NEXT CHARACTER BEGINS THE STRING, "*OK*". WHEN THE FIRST "*OK*" HAS BEEN FOUND, THE NEXT-CHARACTER POINTER IS ADJUSTED TO THE CHARACTER IMMEDIATELY TO THE RIGHT OF THE "*OK*". CONTROL IS THEN SENT TO GN.

VCID SBR XR1,5+X1
GN3 B GN4
C CARD+3+X1,***OK**
BU GN3
SBR XR1,3+X1
B GN4
B GN

GN4 ADDS 1 TO XR1, THE
NEXT-CHARACTER POINTER. IF XR1 IS THEN WITHIN THE 72 CHARACTERS
CORRESPONDING TO THE 72 COLUMNS OF A DOCUMENT CARD, CONTROL IS
RETURNED TO THE INSTRUCTION AFTER THE CALLER. IF XR1 POINTS TO
A CHARACTER BEYOND THE 72, THE 72 CHARACTERS FROM THE LAST CARD
READ ARE MOVED TO CARD THROUGH CARD+71. THEN A NEW CARD IS
READ. THE FIRST 20 CHARACTERS OF THIS CARD ARE MOVED TO
CARD+72 THROUGH CARD+91. THIS LAST AREA IS CALLED "NEXT" AND
IS USED SO THAT THE SCAN FOR AN EDITING INSTRUCTION STRING CAN
BE CARRIED OUT BEYOND THE RIGHT END OF THE 72 CHARACTERS. XR1
HAS 72 SUBTRACTED FROM IT SO IT WILL POINT CORRECTLY TO THE
NEXT CHARACTER IN CARD. CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE NEXT
INSTRUCTION AFTER THE CALLER.

GN4 SBR GN5+3 SBR XR1,1+X1 '072',XR1 GN5 '072',XR1 --4,XR1 MCW 72, CARD+71 MCW 20.NEXT+19 GN5 В CARD DA 1X92 EQU CARD+72 NEXT

PUNCH MOVES CHAR TO THE NEXT POSITION IN OUTPUT, THE PUNCH AREA. 1 IS ADDED TO XR2, THE PUNCH-AREA POINTER. IF THE POINTER IS STILL WITHIN THE 72 CHARACTERS PUNCHED ON A CARD, CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE

INSTRUCTION AFTER THE CALLER. IF THE POINTER HAS GONE BEYOND THE RIGHT-MOST ALLOWABLE POSITION, IT IS RESET TO POINT TO THE LEFT-MOST PUNCH POSITION, I IS ADDED TO COUNT (THE SEQUENCE NUMBER TO BE PUNCHED), THE CARD IS PUNCHED AND THE PUNCH AREA IS CLEARED. CONTROL RETURNS TO THE INSTRUCTION AFTER THE CALLER.

SBR PXIT+3 MCW CHAR+OUTPUT+X2 PUNCH SBR XR2,1+X2 '072', XR2 C BL PXIT '000',XR2 PI MCW 11. COUNT P CS 172 PXIT 0

ENDSEC EXECUTES VOIDOK, THEN ADJUSTS XRI, THE INPUT-CHARACTER POINTER. CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

ENDSEC B VOIDOK SBR XR1,12+X1 B GN4 R GN

VOIDO IN THE CARD(S) BEING PUNCHED. (IT MAY EXTEND OVER THE END OF ONE CARD.) HE THEN LOOKS TO SEE IF **OK** WILL FIT ON THE CURRENT CARD IN COLUMNS 69-72. IF SO, IT IS SO PLACED. IF NOT, THE CURRENT CARD IS PUNCHED AND THE **OK** IS PLACED IN THE NEXT CARD IN COLUMNS 69-72. CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE INSTRUCTION AFTER THE CALLER.

VOIDOK SBR E+TIXOV HCW "",CHAR 8 PUNCH MCW 'V', CHAR PUNCH MCW "O", CHAR PUNCH MCW 'I',CHAR 8 PUNCH MCW 'D', CHAR PUNCH В ...,CHAR MCW PUNCH 8 10681,XR2 C BH V01

MCW 10681, XR2 1.1,CHAR MCW O', CHAR MCW 8 TKT.CHAR MCH В MCW '.',CHAR PUNCH В VOXIT 8 SBR PXIT+3 VCl 91

ENDOC EXECUTES VOIDOK, CLEARS THE PRINT AREA, THEN PLACES THE **END**DOC** STRING THRICE IN THE PRINT AREA. THIS IS PUNCHED FOUR TIMES AND THE PROGRAM HALTS.

START READS THE FIRST DATA
CARD, THE CONTROL CARD (BY DEFINITION). A WORD MARK IS PLACED
IN MEMORY POSITION 1. THE FIRST 75 CHARACTERS OF THAT FIRST
CARD ARE MOVED TO THE FIRST 75 CHARACTERS OF THE PUNCH APEA.
(THIS LEAVES THE IDENTIFIER, COLS 73-75, IN PLACE.) THIS CARD
IS PUNCHED. THE LOWER 72 CHARACTERS OF THE PUNCH AREA ARE
CLEARED. THE SECOND CARD IS READ. GN4 IS EXECUTED
ACCOMPLISHING THE MOVING OF THE SECOND CARD TO CARD, THE
READING OF THE THIRD, ETC., (BECAUSE XR) IS INITIALLY SET AT
72). CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

START R
SW 1
HCW 75,175
P
CS 172
R
B GN4
B GN
END START

MCW '068', XR2 ...CHAR MCW PUNCH 'O',CHAR MCW PUNCH MCW 'K',CHAR PUNCH MCW ".".CHAR PUNCH VOXIT VCl SBR PXIT+3 Pl

THE PRINT AREA, THEN PLACES THE 'SENDSDOCS' STRING THRICE IN THE PRINT AREA. THIS IS PUNCHED FOUR TIMES AND THE PROGRAM HALTS.

ENDDOC B YOLDOK
CS 180
HCW **END*DOC***,109
HCW **END*DOC***,144
HCW **END*DOC***,172
P
P
P
P
P
P
HALT H HALT

START READS THE FIRST DATA CARD, THE CONTROL CARD (BY DEFINITION). A WORD MARK IS PLACED IN MEMORY POSITION 1. THE FIRST 75 CHARACTERS OF THAT FIRST CARD ARE MOVED TO THE FIRST 75 CHARACTERS OF THE PUNCH AREA. (THIS LEAVES THE IDENTIFIER, COLS 73-75, IN PLACE.) THIS CARD IS PUNCHED. THE LOWER 72 CHARACTERS OF THE PUNCH AREA ARE CLEARED. THE SECOND CARD IS READ. GN4 IS EXECUTED ACCOMPLISHING THE MOVING OF THE SECOND CARD TO CARD, THE READING OF THE THIRD, ETC., (RECAUSE XR1 IS INITIALLY SET AT 72). CONTROL PASSES TO GN.

START R
SM 1
MCN 75,175
P
CS 172
R
B GN4
B GN
END START